Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXIV. PITTSBURGH, MONDAY, MAY 24, 1869. NUMBER 115.

FIRST EDITION.

TWELVE O'CLOCK, M.

NEWS BY CABLE.

Agitation on the Alabama Question—Immense Meeting in Ireland in Opposition to Church Disestablishment—Queen Isabella Proposes to Abdicate in Favor of Her Son—Another Candidate for the Throne—American Minister Washburne Presents His Credentials to the Emperor of France—The French Elections—Persecution of Christians in China.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, May 22.—The *Times* this morning has another editorial on the Alabama question, suggested by the recent speech of Mr. Forster. The *Times* says: "England has equal cause of complaint against America. Great Britain resisted the temptation to recognize the South, thereby inflicting sufferings on her people, disobliging an ally, and in fact declared in favor of the North, and is now misunderstood and accused of hostility and selfishness."

Sir Francis Head had communicated several official documents to prove the assistance rendered by America to the Canadian revolt in 1837. He asserts, in a letter accompanying the document, that Mr. Sumner's language applies to that case as well as the case of the Alabama, but that the English Government never received or claimed indemnity.

The *Pall Mall Gazette* also had a leading article on the Alabama claims question. The writer says whatever England did in respect to the Americans, France did and ten times more, for nothing but our refusal of her invitation to recognize the Southern Confederacy saved the North from a more trying and doubtful contest.

The *Weekly Spectator*, published today, also discusses the question. The truths told by Mr. Forster, the old and staunch friend of Americans, must teach Americans how universal the resistance would be if Mr. Sumner's demands were seriously pressed.

One of the greatest meetings ever assembled was held in Belfast, Ireland, today, to protest against the disestablishment of the Irish Church. It is estimated that nearly 20,000 people were present.

The rejection of the treaty for the sale of St. Thomas by the United States Senate causes much irritation at Copenhagen.

The *Independence Belge*, of this evening, learns that Mr. Sanford, United States Minister to Belgium, has sent his resignation to Washington. He was led to take this step in consequence of the action of the Senate with reference to his nomination for Minister to Spain.

SPAIN.

MADRID, May 22.—In the Cortes, yesterday, Article 34th of the National Constitution was adopted. The civil marriage bill has been introduced.

The Republican newspapers of this city assert that the recent vote of the Cortes has only deferred the scheme for a federal republic, not defeated it. A republic sooner or later must come through the want of a monarch and the absence of unanimity on the part of the majority of the Cortes.

Queen Isabella has proposed to abdicate in favor of her son, the Prince of Asturias. Gonzales Bravo, her former Prime Minister, and others have advised her otherwise.

MADRID, May 24.—Admiral Topete has been appointed Minister of Colonies *ad interim*.

It is rumored that Prince Augustus, of Portugal, will be put forward as a candidate for the Spanish throne, and that negotiations are on foot for his marriage to a daughter of the Duke of Montpensier.

FRANCE.

PARIS, May 22.—Gen. Dix, American Minister, to-day had an audience with the Emperor, at which he introduced Mr. Washburne as his successor, and took formal leave of his Majesty. Mr. Washburne then presented his credentials as Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the United States to France.

The general elections for members of the Corps Legislatif commenced to-day. The voting in the city progresses quietly, and reports from all parts of the country show that tranquility prevails.

The French Derby took place to-day. The grand purse of Paris was won by Count De Lagrange.

MARSEILLES, May 23.—The American schooner Angelia was abandoned at sea and her crew have landed at this port.

CHINA.

LONDON, May 23.—The difficulty with the Chinese government, arising out of the persecution of Christians in the North, has been settled. The latest dispatches from the British Legation at Pekin state that the Mandarin who countenanced the persecutions has been removed from office.

GERMANY.

BERLIN, May 22.—Baron Von Gerott, Prussian Minister at Washington, has arrived here.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, May 22.—*Evening*—Consols for money 93¼; for account 93⅜. American securities quiet. Five-Twenties at London 79⅛, do at Frankfort firmer at 85⅜. Erie 19¼; Illinois 94. Stocks steady.

LIVERPOOL, May 22.—Cotton market dull; middling uplands 11¼; Orleans 11⅛; sales were 7,000 bales. California white wheat 9s. 5d.; red western 8s. 7d. Western Flour 21s. 6d. Corn: No. 2 mixed 27s. Oats 3s. 4d. Barley 5s. Peas 38s. 6d. Pork 100s. Beef 90s. Lard 67s. Cheese 82s. Bacon 59s. Common rosin 5s., and fine 15s. Spirits petroleum 6½d, refined 1s. 8½d. Tallow 43s. 6d. Turpentine 27s. 9d. Tallow 42s. 9d. Sperm oil £101. Sugar 36s. 9d. Whale oil £37. Calcutta Linseed 61s. Petroleum at Antwerp 47⅞.

HAVRE, May 22.—Cotton at 140½fr. on spot.

FRANKFORT, May 22.—United States Bonds firmer at 85⅝.

PARIS, May 22.—Bourse quiet. Rentes 71f. 82c.

FRANKFORT, May 22.—American bonds dull. Five-Twenties quoted at 85¼.

From Japan and China.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAN FRANCISCO, May 22.—The steamer China, from Hong Kong April 19th, and Yokohama April 30th, has arrived. She experienced a heavy monsoon to Yokohama, and thence a strong southwest wind to this port. She brings 1,310 passengers, 1,310 tons cargo. Passengers for New York: Thos. E. Lynch, J. J. Comstock, J. Parsons, Rev. Mr. Todd and wife, Capt. J. G. Creighton, C. D. Southall, John C. Howard, Louis Vallidar; for Europe, Capt. Denny, R. A., and six Europeans in steerage.

Political affairs in Japan are in an unsatisfactory condition. The Mikado had left Kirlo for Yeddo, where a general Congress of Princes of the Empire are expected to assemble by command of the Mikado. The report that several leading Damios had surrendered their territories and sovereign rights and privileges to the Mikado is confirmed. Apprehension is entertained by the Japanese lest the great assemblies of Damios at Yeddo will lead to trouble. The Imperial fleet had left for Hokadido to attack and oust the Fegumo klan.

Owing to an accident to the machinery the ram Stonewall put back and anchored in Urga Bay.

Great excitement prevailed at Hokadido over an expected attack by the Mikado's forces. One of the leaders, Teguway, was assassinated for advocating a surrender to the Mikado.

A steamer belonging to the Japanese was blown up while anchored off Yeddo, the powder magazine having been accidentally ignited. It is reported sixty lives wer lost.

The opening of Yeddo remained a dead letter, owing to the blunder of the government, which placed every difficulty in the way. Business was being freely transacted and the urgent remonstrances of the foreign ministers will cause the Japanese government to take steps to remedy the currency evil.

Business in Yokohama market is limited. Gray sheetings and cotton yarn firm under favorable home advices; fancy goods extremely depressed; silk quiet and firm; no change anticipated until the new season.

Tea quiet; arrivals small; stock on hand low; grade offering no inducements to purchasers; prices nominal; no change anticipated before the new season.

China advices state that the funeral ceremonies of Maj. Gen. Brunker, commanding English forces of China and Japan and Lieutenant Governor of Hong Kong, took place March 27th with full military honors. English, American and other naval officers attended. The American Minister was expected at Shanghai from the South. Besides visiting Canton, it was his intention to place a Vice Consultate in Hainan as soon as he could communicate with the Governor of Pekin. C. D. Williams, a well known resident of China, is selected for the post.

Pekin advices state that unless rain falls soon serious damage will result to the crops. The Emperor visited the temples and offered prayers for rain. Several Manchoos broke into the Imperial Treasury and plundered it of 9,000 taels in silver.

Velocipedes are numerous in Shanghai.

Canton advices report continued unfavorable weather for new teas. Some tea men assert that the whole first crop is seriously damaged.

Missouri Woman's Suffrage Association.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, May 22.—The Woman's Suffrage Association held its last meeting for the summer this afternoon. A letter from Mrs. Francis D. Gage was read, which strongly urged the ladies to persevere in the work and they would triumph in the end. She said woman herself is the worst enemy we shall encounter. When the majority of our own sex start for the right of suffrage, the majority of men will make the heaven echo with their aye. She cautioned the women against charging all the wrong and suffering of the age on the men. There is not a man living who does not bear the impress of his mother, not a woman upon whom some father has not set his seal. I sincerely believe if woman would sacrifice as much labor, time and money in endeavoring to right the wrongs of society as they do now in following its unnecessary rules and conventionalisms, they would in five years correct all the prominent evils and march to the ballot box.

A resolution that the Association does not sympathize with the opposition to the Fifteenth amendment to the Constitution, but rejoices in the liberation and advancement of every human being, produced an animated discussion and some sharp sparring, during which much prejudice against the negro was manifested. Miss Dr. Grennan opposed the resolution, and among other things said the negro had enough friends in Sumner, the Benedict Arnold of his country, Greeley, the Judas Iscariot, and the shilly-shally Wendell Phillips. She was very severe on the men, and believed that Congress should have adopted Mr. Julian's amendment. The resolution was finally laid on the table by a decisive vote.

Mrs. Hazard, the Corresponding Secretary, read a review of the situation, setting forth what has been accomplished in the past few years, and taking an encouraging view of the future and urging her co-laborers to continued and energetic exertion.

From Cuba—Landing of Filibusters—Heavy Fighting.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HAVANA, May 22, via Key West, 23.—Information has been received here of the landing of three hundred filibusters near Gibra. There was an obstinate fight with troops on the shore, in which the Spanish captured two cannon and lost thirty-two men and the insurgents lost eighty killed and wounded. The result is unknown. Fighting is reported near Trinidad and Cienfuegos, and with heavy losses and appalling atrocities on both sides. Remedios is in a state of anarchy. The insurgents are ubiquitious in that jurisdiction, and small bands of Spaniards and Cubans are engaged in mutual murder and robbery.

The Coal Suspension.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SCRANTON, Pa., May 22.—The miners held a formal meeting to-day on the question of suspension. The vote stood for suspension, 369; against suspension, 408. This is decisive; there will be no suspension here.

—Mr. Nelson, Minister to Mexico, leaves Terre Haute, Ind., this morning, for his post of duty, via New Orleans and Havana.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

THE CAPITAL.

Appointments—Texas and Mississippi Elections—Army Gazette—News from Cuba Encouraging to Insurgents—Minister Motley's Instructions—Public Debt—Currency Statements.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, May 22, 1869.

NEWS FROM CUBA.

News has been received direct from Cespedes by Cubans in this city, confirming fully the defeat of the Spanish forces in attempting to open the railroad from Neuvitas to Puerto Principe. The date and channel of receipt is kept private for prudential reasons. The loss of the Spaniards is set down at one thousand in killed and wounded. The Cuban force is stated to have been thirty-five thousand men, under Quesada, intrenched on the road, and the Spanish numbered about the same. The fighting was by far the severest which has taken place during the war. The battle was decided by the arrival of the Marquis of Santa Luco with four thousand men, large numbers of whom were mounted, but who, though very poorly armed, made a desperate and successful charge on the flank of the Spaniards. Of five hundred colored troops a little over four hundred shot their officers and went over to the Cubans. The remainder are neither with the insurgents nor Spaniards and are supposed to have taken to the woods. All the baggage, provisions and ammunition of the Spaniards was carried in ten cars and dragged on rails by oxen, together with the dead, and a chief part of the wounded were abandoned to the Cubans, who, after battle, went six miles to San Miguel, where they destroyed the barracks in sight of the retreating Spaniards. The loss of the Cubans is given at several hundred. Vessels, since returned to the United States, had, a few days before, landed arms and ammunition. The Spanish General Letona is reported wounded, but whether in that action it is not said. Cespedes and the insurgents felt confident of success.

THE TEXAS ELECTION.

The President to-day stated to Judge Paschal, who called on him in behalf of Gov. Rease, of Texas, that the time for holding the election in that State and Mississippi would not be decided until after the election in Virginia. He thought the best time would be between the times of storing grain and the commencement of the cotton picking season. Mr. Paschal suggested the 1st Monday in August had always been election day in Texas. The President said he should direct General Reynolds to proceed with the work of registration, and remarked he had mentioned the 1st Monday in November to Maj. Moore, but had instantly corrected himself by suggesting an earlier day. The President had been informed by gentlemen in whom he had much reliance, that the division in the Union party would be healed, and he earnestly hoped such would be the case.

APPOINTMENTS.

The President has appointed S. F. Ruggles, of New York, delegate to the seventh session of the International Statistical Congress at the Hague.

H. G. Sickles has been appointed Collector of Internal Revenue for the Fourth District of Pennsylvania.

The following appointments of Postmasters have been made: Samuel Henderson, at Santa Clara, California; O. Q. Colin, Waukesha, Wisconsin; George Howlett, Cedar Rapids; C. M. Campbell, Boonville, Missouri.

MR. MOTLEY'S INSTRUCTIONS.

The most that can be reliably ascertained of the instructions to Mr. Motley is that they are more of a general than special character, and do not contemplate any speedy action on his part with regard to the Alabama and other claims. In view of the present sentiment in England upon the subject, if for no other reason, Mr. Motley will inform her Majesty's Government of the desire of our own to adjust all pending questions on a basis that will strengthen friendly relations between the two countries.

ARMY GAZETTE.

Brevet Major J. A. Hearn and Lieutenant J. M. Kelly are assigned to duty as Indian Agents, and ordered to report to Commissioner Parker for instructions. Brevet Major-General W. A. Emory, Colonel of 5th Cavalry, is appointed General of Soldiers' Home near Washington. The order assigning Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel G. H. Highbee, Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Chas. A. Hartwell and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel L. H. Warren to duty as Indian Agents is revoked.

FRACTIONAL CURRENCY.

The supply of fractional currency in the Treasury being exhausted, no new fractional notes or notes of denominations of one or two dollars will be issued in exchange for old currency until new plates and the water marked paper recently ordered by the Secretary are ready, which will be about the first of next July.

OBITUARY.

Mrs. Harriet Balch Macomb, wife of the late Alexander Macomb, formerly General-in-Chief of the United States Army, died at her residence in this city last night in the eighty-sixth year of her age, after a protracted illness.

CURRENCY STATEMENT.

The shipments of currency for the week were $431,860; amount destroyed, $278,700. National Bank notes issued, $215,070; actual circulation, $299,865,755.

COMMISSION SIGNED.

The President to-day signed the commission of Hon. W. H. H. Terrell as Third Assistant Postmaster General.

PUBLIC DEBT.

The monthly statement of the public debt for May will show a decrease of seven millions.

ON DUTY.

Gen. Terrell arrived here to-day and entered on his duties as Third Assistant Postmaster General.

—Saturday night Cowan and McDonald, proprietors of Rosendale Hotel, Central avenue, Morrisana, New York, quarrelled, when McDonald struck his partner on the head with a club, killing him instantly. McDonald surrendered himself to the authorities.

THE PRESBYTERIANS.

The Old School General Assembly.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, May 22.—The Old School Presbyterian Assembly reconvened this morning. After the usual devotional exercises, the records of several additional synods were reported present, and the several committees were allowed to retire for consultation.

Rev. Mr. Beer offered the following:

Whereas, It is well known that unscriptural views of the marriage relation are becoming prevalent in some parts of our land, so that its obligations are disregarded by many, and separation of husband and wife and divorces for slight and unwarrantable reasons are becoming more frequent every year; *and whereas*, the horrible crime of infanticide is also on the increase; *and whereas*, the evils which these errors and crimes have already brought upon the church and country, and the worse evils which they threaten in the future, make it imperative that the whole power of the ministry and Church of Jesus Christ should be put forth in maintenance of truth and virtue in regard to these things; therefore,

Resolved, We urge upon all the Ministers of our Church the duty of giving instruction to the people of their respective charges as to the scriptural doctrines concerning the marriage relation, and that we warn them against joining in wedlock any who may have been divorced upon other than scriptural grounds; and we also exhort church sessions to the exercise of due discipline in the cases of those members who may be guilty of violating the laws of Christ in this particular.

Resolved, That we regard the destruction by parents of their own offspring before birth as a crime against God and against nature, and that as there are many influences at work in public and in secret to corrupt the minds of the people, until the frequency of such murders is no longer sought to be concealed, we hereby warn those who are guilty of these crimes that they cannot inherit eternal life, and that it is vile hypocrisy for such persons to remain in connection with the visible Church of Christ; and we exhort those who have been called to preach the gospel, and all those who love purity and the truth, and who would arrest the just judgments of the Almighty God from the State and Nation, that they may be no longer silent or tolerant of these things, but take a bold stand, that the flood of impurity and cruelty may be stayed.

These resolutions were laid over for future consideration.

A resolution from a Philadelphia body, requesting that Ministers of the church be exhorted to preach on the duty of total abstinence, on the last Sabbath of the year, was discussed and amended by changing the word exhorted to enjoin, by fixing the time as the third Sabbath in December, as the earliest practicable time, and passed nearly unanimously.

During the discussion, a member objected to the term "total abstinence," preferring "temperance," on the ground that the Bible did not enjoin the former. This objection did not obtain.

Tuesday afternoon was named for considering the subject of reunion, and approved by the Assembly.

Overtures were presented from several Presbyteries by the appropriate Committee, looking forward to the union of the two branches of the Presbyterian Church North and South. It was recommended by a resolution of the Committee on Bills that correspondence be opened with the Southern Body.

A gentleman from the Potomac Synod said their branch was not ready to consider the matter.

Rev. Dr. Johnson, of Philadelphia, spoke in favor of the resolution. He believed no prejudice existed against the Church South, and that for the sake of the freedmen we ought to be united. His own pulpit was perhaps regarded the most loyal in the land, yet he preached the gospel, not politics. The Southern branch of our Church entirely misconceives our feelings. It is our duty to make overtures to them. We should hold out the hand of welcome.

Mr. Taylor, of Georgetown, was opposed to the recommendation of the Committee. The feeling of alienation must first be reconciled. The action of the Pittsburgh Convention must be settled, for so long as it remains there will be an obstacle to the good feeling of the churches. Action must be taken thereon before any correspondence can take place with advantage. The Episcopal Church, he said, is the only one which is in union with the Church South. This follows from the fact that they seek a union in government rather than in doctrine. He hoped the resolution would not pass.

Dr. Blackwood, of Philadelphia, hoped the objection of the gentleman would not be insisted upon. If we go forward, taking the steps which are necessary, by mutual intercourse the matter may be brought about.

An informal letter was brought forward, between the stated clerks of the Assembly, saying any overtures at present would not be well received. It would create divisions and complications among the Southern people.

A motion to table the whole subject was rejected, and it was referred to a special Committee of three Ministers and three Elders, to be appointed by the Moderator.

The New School General Assembly.

In the New School Assembly, after devotional exercises, Rev. Dr. Peor, of the Standing Committee on Sabbath Schools, presented an elaborate summary of the work done during the past year.

The Committee on Overtures called on the several Presbyteries for records of the action of the Presbyteries on the proposed basis of reunion.

Communications from a number of Presbyteries were presented and referred. One was relative to holding sessions without the presence of a minister, and another asked that assessment for expenses of General Assembly be reduced from eight to six cents per member.

A resolution providing that Committees to corresponding bodies should pay their own expenses, except that Committee to meet the Committee of the Old School body on the subject of re-union, should be paid mileage as now, excited much discussion and was finally referred back to the Committee on Bills and Overtures.

Reports from delegates to corresponding bodies were read and showed the kind and fraternal greeting they received from all bodies visited. The report from the delegation to the Scotch and Irish Synods contained some recommendations in regard to matters of church discipline and polity, which were referred to a special Committee consisting of Drs. Booth and Sunderland and Judge Allison.

The Assembly agreed to unite with the Old School Assembly in joint prayer meeting at the Brick church Monday morning.

A Committee of Rev. Dr. Humphreys, Rev. Chataow and Hon. F. W. Starr, was appointed to confer with the officers of the G. A. R., and to take other measures to secure a change of day for the decorating of soldiers' graves from Sabbath.

Adjourned till Monday.

General Assembly South.

MOBILE, May 22.—The Presbyterian General Assembly met on the 20th. Rev. Dr. Robinson, of Kentucky, was elected Moderator. Rev. H. H. Paine, of Mississippi, temporary Clerk. Rev. Dr. Waddell, of Mississippi, preached the opening sermon. There are over one hundred Commissioners in attendance from Southern States and Ohio. Louisville, Ky., was chosen for the next place of meeting. The reports show there are two hundred and fifty students in course of preparation for the ministry, about twenty foreign missionaries, a prosperous publishing house and vigorous efforts to sustain the feeble Church. A Committee was appointed to mature plans for the better instruction of the blacks, of which Rev. Dr. Pradeau, of South Carolina, is chairman.

ST. LOUIS.

The Stock Yard Project—Street Contractors in a Fix—Rumored $25,000 Forgery.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, May 23.—Another meeting of stock dealers, drovers and business men generally was held last night to consider the matter of establishing a grand stock yard here, at which all railroads shall centre. The Committee appointed a week ago reported that the different railroad companies are favorable to the project and will give it all the assistance in their power. Subscription books were opened and a committee appointed to solicit stock.

A case was decided in the general term of the Circuit Court, yesterday, which affects City Contractors to the amount of some $200,000. The decision was that contractors who have taken special tax bills against property owners as pay for grading and macamadizing streets have no recourse on the owners of property, as the work was ordered done by the City Councils in a loose and imperfect ordinance.

A rumor has gained general circulation that a member of a prominent Main street house has committed forgery to the amount of twenty-five thousand dollars, and the firm has suspended in consequence.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—In future all American vessels entering ports of Cuba will be charged the same tonnage dues as Spanish vessels.

—Parties charged with robbing a messenger of Herndon's Express at Baltimore of $25,000 were arrested at Ironton, Ohio.

—Senator Sumner is frequently in receipt of abusive letters from England and Canada in reference to his late Alabama speech.

—The grounds of the La Clede Racing Association, near St. Louis, has been sub-divided into lots and will shortly be sold at auction.

—James E. Riley, on trial at Baltimore for the murder of Daniel Harrington in February last, was found not guilty and discharged from custody.

Another New York embezzlement is reported in the person of the clerk of a coal company. The amount taken is $6,000, with which the young man absconded.

—Twenty thousand bushels of wheat, part of a shipment of one hundred thousand bushels to Liverpool via New Orleans, arrived at St. Louis on Friday and Saturday last.

—The Bank of the Union, at Nashville, owned by A. J. Duncan, closed on Saturday morning, having made an assignment to W. F. Cooper for the benefit of the creditors.

—At New York, on Saturday, the Quakers commenced anniversary exercises by a preliminary meeting of Hicksites. The sessions are private and will continue several days.

—Eighty persons who left New York Thursday evening last for San Francisco, arrived at St. Louis Saturday night, and left for Omaha and the Union Pacific Railroad Sunday afternoon.

—By an explosion of varnish in the Japanning establishment of Snyder & Finch, at Newark, N. J., on Saturday, John H. Purdy, Mr. Finch and son of the latter were badly burned.

—The aggregate amount of sales of Chicago suburban property at the auction sale of Thursday and yesterday was $480,000, the lots ranging in prices from $25 to $145 per front foot.

—By the explosion of a locomotive on the Burlington county road, at Mount Holly, N. J., on Friday of last week, Chas. L. Platt, fireman, was killed, and Edward Joyce, engineer, seriously injured.

—In the Supreme Court of Hudson county, N. Y., Mrs. Carhart has obtained a verdict for $3,250 damages from the Erie Railroad Company for the loss of her husband by the falling of a trestle bridge.

—Senior and Stokes, Republican candidates for Governor of Tennessee, spoke at Nashville Saturday night, and announced their intention to canvass the State. Both claim to be the choice of the Republican party.

—Fred. Douglass, Jr., colored, on account of exclusion from the Printers' Union, applied for and obtained a clerkship in the office of the Recorder of Deeds in Washington. He served in a Massachusetts regiment during the war.

—The Silver Wave, a small passenger steamer, plying between Philadelphia and Manayunk, capsized and sunk Sunday afternoon, The steamer was crowded with ladies and children, who all escaped except one child, the water being shallow.

—The pulpits of the various Presbyterian churches of New York City and Brooklyn were filled yesterday by the visiting clergymen in attendance on the Convention services, and in most instances attracted exceptionally large congregations.

—The American Foundry, owned by D. C. Hill & Co., at New Albany, Ind., was partially destroyed by fire Saturday afternoon. The heavy machinery was not much damaged. Insurance on building and machinery $9,000, which will cover the loss.

—The Hudson river railroad freight building, at Hudson, N. Y., took fire at 2 o'clock Sunday morning, and was entirely destroyed. Loss about $10,000; insured for $2,000. The fire was the work of an incendiary. W. E. Snyder, freight agent, is the principal loser.

—There have been several suicides of boys in Brooklyn recently. Saturday afternoon the body of Thomas Leonard, a boy of seventeen years, was discovered hanging in the cellar of an unoccupied house. The Coroner's jury rendered a verdict of suicide by hanging.

—The registration at Memphis, Tenn., stands: whites 3,038, blacks 5,012. The constitutionality of the franchise law, which has been under consideration in the Supreme Court at Brownsville, will, it is said, be decided to day. The excitement in regard to the judicial election still rages. The Republicans have two full tickets.

—At New York, Sunday afternoon, a German named Koppel, cooper by trade, attempted to murder his wife and an illegitimate child of hers. A police officer on entering the room found Mrs. Koppel lying on a bed weltering in her blood, and the child on the floor insensible. Repeated infidelities by Koppel's wife is alleged as the cause. Mrs. Koppel, it was thought, would recover, but the child's wound was fatal. Koppel, when arrested, was found to be suffering from a pistol shot wound.

—The excitement attending the failure of the Royal Canadian Bank, at Toronto, is subsiding. The bills are selling at 80 to 90c. The directors have issued a circular urging bill-holders and depositors not to be alarmed, as there is not the slightest danger of loss to them. Hopes are entertained that within a short time the business of the Bank will be resumed. The statement of the affairs of the Bank for the month ending 15th May is as follows: Total liabilities $193,041; total assets $3,300,334. There is no run on any of the other banks.

—The Government received two cable dispatches from Reverdy Johnson in regard to his attempt to secure the release of certain Fenian prisoners. Action was taken in observance of directions from the State Department to call the attention of the English government to the cases of Colonel William G. Halpin and others. The first dispatch from Johnson was in effect that the reply he received was a list of about twenty Fenians that were not to be released. He made another attempt and was answered by a reiterration of the British government's determination not to release any more Fenians.

—A bill contracted by Secretary Seward in telegraphing over the cable to Reverdy Johnson has been presented to Secretary Fish by the agent of the telegraph company for payment. It consists of a single item, and amounts to forty thousand dollars. Mr. Seward, it seems, was allowed cheap rates on his messages, and so became rather verbose. When this bill came in he refused to pay it. It therefore fell to the succeeding administration. Secretary Fish has also declined to pay it. When it was presented to President Grant he sent it to Attorney General Hoar for an opinion, which he is now engaged on.

—Mazatlan (Mexico) advices to May 6th state official dispatches from General Parro announce the termination of the revolution in Sinaloa. The government troops attacked the Prominicados in the mountains and completely dispersed them, killing Palacias and four subordinate chiefs, with others; total killed sixteen, fifty-seven prisoners, and 424 Enfield, Henry's, Sharp's and Colt's fire arms, horses and munitions of war captured. General Corona was daily expected from Durango with reinforcements. Another uprising is anticipated with Gen. Placido Vega as leader. The feasts of La Aglos Altos and Elicinco De May were duly celebrated at Mazatlan.

Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—"Humpty Dumpty" was presented to a large audience at the Opera House on Saturday evening, which terminated the engagement of the company at that establishment. To-night the Chapman Sisters commence an engagement of six nights and one Matinee, on which occasion the comic opera entitled "Ixion; or the Man at the Wheel" will be presented.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.—The "Forty Thieves" still have possession of the Pittsburgh Theatre, and hold high carnival there every evening and on Wednesday and Saturday afternoons. In addition to the "forty," Gus. Williams, the inimitable comique vocalist, has a voice in the entertainments. Gus. Williams is immensely popular with the fun-loving portion of the community and fully deserving.

MASONIC HALL.—Faverly's Minstrels, from Chicago, will give three entertainments at Masonic Hall, during the present week, commencing Tuesday night. The high reputation this troupe enjoys is a sufficient recommendation of their merits. They will doubtless draw crowded houses.

KEYSTONE RINK.—This morning at eleven o'clock Harry Leslie, hero of Niagara, the world-renowned velocipedestrian, will start on his ride of one hundred miles in 10½ hours at the Keystone Skating Rink. He has been in training for two weeks past, and is in excellent condition, and feels confident of succeeding in the undertaking.

GRAND EXHIBITION.—Mrs. Slack Davis' pupils will give an entertainment at the Academy of Music to-morrow (Tuesday) evening, consisting of light gymnastics, parlor dancing, and a fairy drama, arranged from Shakspeare's Mid-summer Nights Dream.

Pastoral Change.

Rev. Charles A. Dickey, pastor of the Fourth United Presbyterian Church, Allegheny, has received and accepted a call from the First Presbuterian (New ol) Scho congregation, St. Louis, one of the oldest organizations in the denomination. Rev. Dickey had been with his present charge since its organization, and is very much beloved by his parishioners, who greatly regret the change. The reverend gentleman will start for his new field of labor as soon as the relations with his present pastorate are officially severed.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

EPHEMERIS.

—The Czar has signed the pledge.

—Victoria is fifty years old to-day.

—Vieuxtemps, the violinist, is writing an opera.

—*Punch* calls pearl powder the flower of loveliness.

—Key West is plagued, already, with yellow fever.

—Can Porter be found at the Aurora Borie ale house?

—Two dollars a dozen is the price of eggs in Arizona.

—Report says J. Russell Young is to become a broker.

—The spirit of the South—the cotton gin.—*Lowell Courier.*

—Velocipedes are to be used in some of the bull fights in Madrid.

—Kentucky is again shipping tobacco down the Mississippi river.

—The first through passenger, by rail, from California is C. F. Jenkins.

—*Punch* calls the smoke of the Thames steamboats an in-funnel nuisance.

—Miss Rye is to bring a new colony of one hundred servant girls to Canada.

—Brick Pomeroy's New York paper costs him enormously and doesn't pay.

—The House of Refuge in Philadelphia was slightly damaged by fire last Thursday.

—Sangalli, the danseuse, took to singing ballads recently and it said she sang gaily.

—New York talks of importing English glow-worms to beautify the Central Park.

—Five million baskets is the expected yield of the Maryland and Delaware peach regions.

—Verdi is to write a grand opera for the first performance in the new Opera House in Paris.

—Hay is so dear in some parts of northern Vermont that the cattle are said to be starving.

—As the Alabama has gone to the bottom of the sea it is natural that Fish should settle the claims on her.

—The sword presented to Gen. Washington by Frederick the Great, together with many other relics of his country's Father, are for sale in New York.

—Eleven hundred persons in England pay the tax levied on all who keep more than ten male servants in their houses.

—The suicide mania is alarmingly on the increase, and it really seems to be a crime, to stop which, nothing can be done.

—A journeyman baker in San Francisco blew his brains out to secure a holliday which his employer refused to grant him.

—The free-traders are said to be disappointed because the English contributions to the Free-trade League are but about $1,000.

—A female gymnast in London fell from a rope fifty feet high, and was caught by a party of gentlemen, without sustaining any injury.

—Recent excavations, made at Madrid, have unearthed heaps of the *debris* of the conflagrations of many an *auto da fe* of the Inquisition,

—Punch says Reverdy Johnson as the representative of America, has gotten all of the dinners and now Motley is coming after her desserts.

—The police of New York are going to erect a statue of a "Metropolitan" in the Cypress Hill Cemetery, where dead policemen are buried.

—Mr. Howard, U. S. Minister to China, having received his instructions, will go to his post by way of Europe, in order to consult with Mr. Burlingame.

—A sycamore tree in Belmont, Mo., measures forty feet two inches in circumference. The trunk is hollow, and will comfortably contain twenty men.

—The veil is now taken in France on a lease, so to speak, terminated at the end of each year. Three nuns of Paris have just laid it aside for orange blossoms.

—General Dyer now being vindicated, the New York *World* wants General Fitz John Porter's case reviewed, so that he may be vindicated by court martial.

—Pitman, the inventor of the phonographic system which bears his name, has published, at Bath, England, a complete edition of the Bible in phonohraphic characters.

—A Newburyport farmer, who has ten acres of onions, has estimated that he will walk one thousand miles in hoeing them. We wonder how many "tears, silent tears," will be shed in peeling them.

—In Paris, persons, wishing to see Nillson perform, must secure their seats two weeks in advance. While for Patti, whose popularity is a little on the wane, only a week or ten days is necessary.

—Men of advanced fashion in Paris now wear silk coats. If they are becoming we can't see why they should not be worn again as they are no more expensive than some of the imported cloths now worn.

—An M. C. recently in debate shouted "Amicus Plato, amicus Socrates, sed major Veritas." The reporter next morning made his speech read, "I may cuss Plato, I may cuss Socrates, said Major Veritas."

—The London Jockey Club has blackballed the Duke of Hamilton, who, in revenge, proposes to sell all his horses and quit the turf. If the late Marquis of Hastings had been black-balled perhaps his life and fortune might have been saved.

—The Englishmen who oppose the proposition to legalize marriage with a deceased wife's sister, urge that such a license would result in most horrible jealousy, and that wives would never allow their sisters to visit them when their husbands were at home.

—A one hundred thousand dollar diamond has been found at the Cape of Good Hope and added to the list of the leading gems of the world. The native who found it was aware that it was very valuable, and succeeded in selling it for five hundred sheep, ten oxen and a horse.

—A Boston paper says: The statistics of our city show that marriages among the native population are decreasing. The single and simple reason of this is the cost of married life. Young men are not afraid of the blooming institution, but they can't stand the depleting expense.

—The Young Men's Christian Association of Milwaukee has voted, by a majority of two hundred and sixteen in a vote of nine hundred, to keep their library open on Sunday. We believe they were right, although, in many places, a vote on the question taken among a similar class of men would have resulted differently.

—All of those other men who have pet schemes concerning the management of the National Treasury are howling about Mr. Boutwell because he has one too, and besides has the opportunity to carry it out. Put any other man with a pet scheme into Mr. Boutwell's place and the howl would be just as loud.

—On Wednesday last, a woman in Camden, while standing outside, upon the sill of a window which she was washing, in the second story of a house, fell and was seriously injured. A similar accident, it will be remembered, occurred in Allegheny a few weeks ago. Housekeepers should take warning by these dreadful occurrences, and positively prohibit their maids from needlessly risking their lives by this method of washing the windows, particularly as, we understand, it is quite as easy to attain the same degree of cleanliness and brilliancy for the sash and glass without any risk whatever.

Fashionable Costumes and Barbaric Displays.

I said a good deal in my last about opera patrons and patronesses.. Since then there has been an amusing attack upon the fancy costumes decreed to be necessary for the more expensive parts of the house. The gentleman, it is said, must wear boots which are not even shower-proof, and in which he cannot walk for five minutes without inconvenience. "He must put on a coat, waistcoat and trousers of ridiculous make and material, in which he cannot possibly appear in the day time, except in a provincial town of Russia. He must wear a white cravat, which never looks quite creditable after it has once been used; gloves which are destroyed by the mere process of putting on and off, and a hat which would give intense delight to the street boys in his neighborhood if he ventured to go forth into the sun or rain with it. As for the paraphernalia of ladies upon such occasions, no earthly pen but that of the Countess Asterisk who writes descriptions of the fashions for milliners could atempt to describe it. Their very bangles and black hair are enough to consume a captain's pay and allowances for forty-five years and a half at least. Some of the ladies have now taken to wear profusely decorated helmets, of a red or golden color, and which are understood to be worth literally more than their weight of the most precious metal. It has come to be a fact, universally asserted and widely believed, that the scantier a lady's dress may be the larger is the amount of money which must be paid for it. The rage for ornaments is so great that the price of diamonds and other ornamental glitter is rising yearly, and a lady of determined views may very easily spend a Captain's whole property on gloves alone. British travellers used to be a great deal too ready to laugh at the demure female barbarians who were wont, but a few years ago, to stand in the street of Moscow, at fair-time, in the hope of attracting admiration by the pecuniary value of their clothing. The custom which these peripatetic philosophers so often rebuked has been, for some time past, adopted into our national manners. The price of an English lady at a play-house or a ball may be estimated, at a moderate average, as about three thousand pounds sterling, of course, exclusive of the inestimable value of the dame herself."—*London Corrrespondence Chicago Tribune.*

The Telegragh from Europe to India.

The new line runs from Thorn over the Prussian frontier to Odessa and Nicolajaw; through the Crimea to Taman; then through the Caucasus to Schuba on the Black Sea, which it crosses, the breadth at that place being 170 versts. Emerging at Cape Adler, it is continued by way of Tiflis and Erivan to Teheran. The passage of the Black Sea at its greatest width has been avoided, partly because soundings both in the Black Sea and the Caspian have shown that the bottom of the sea descends precipitously opposite the high mountains, and partly on account of the boring snail, which is a dangerous enemy to the cable and manages to penetrate through the surrounding wire into the interior, where it remains and devours everything of vegetable origin, even the gutta-percha itself. The shortest crossings have, therefore, been chosen, and the cable is protected by a wrapping of copper-wire, which, besides its durability, is poisonous to these creatures. The new line joins the one existing to India at Teheran, and will be finished in the present year.

Hoping for a "Collapse on the Other Side of the Atlantic."

American stocks and shares suffered considerably, because they are evidently viewed with distrust, and though they may be taken on continental account, English holders, if they are determined to sell what they posses, will be enabled to escape the apprehended sacrifice, if any serious discussion should arise in relation to the Alabama claims. A partial collapse on the other side of the Atlantic would perhaps be a salutary lesson for those who are encouraging the war movement against this country.—*London Herald, May 8.*

CLIPPINGS.

Work has been resumed in several leading coal mines of the Wyoming region. This may be the precursor of resumption along the whole line.

In Indianapolis, a few days ago, a child was born which balanced sixteen pounds avoirdupois on the scales. It has been called the "Welcome Stranger," after the great Australian gold nugget.

The Eighth Congressional District of New York is the wealthiest in the United States. It returns to the Revenue Department this year forty-five incomes over $100,000, and more than one thousand which are over $10,000. The largest is that of A. T. Stewart, $3,010,218.

Barney Brierton, on a wager of thirty dollars, carried two bushels of wheat on his back and three bushels in a wheelbarrow from Mapleton to Oconomowoc, Wis., seven and a half miles, within five hours, and without stopping to put down his load for a moment.

Jackson Kirkwood, the murderer of A. Knowles, at Wampum Furnace, Pennsylvania, about one month since, was arrested south of Fort Wayne, Ind., and taken to Newcastle, Pennsylvania, where his trial will be held. He was accompanied by his wife. Kirkwood killed Knowles with a shovel, over which they were quarrelling.

Bismarck said, recently, to a prominent member of the North-German Parliament, that he knew both Napoleon III and Francis Joseph were in favor of peace, but the leading ladies of their courts (meaning the Empress Eugenie and the old Arch-duchess Sophia), were constantly trying to bring about a war with Prussia.

Fashionable preachers in Paris now raise the wind for benevolent or church purposes by arranging lotteries of a very peculiar description. The prizes drawn are no other than themselves—that is to say, the winners have the right to claim their services as preachers, &c., for three or five days. The idea has, in several cases, been a very successful one.

A substantial citizen of New Orleans got his portrait cheaply the other day. He paid a trifle at auction for a full length portrait of President Pierce, represented sitting at a table piled with public documents, and holding the scroll of the Constitution in his hand; then sent for an omnibus painter and had the face altered into his own likeness.

Disgraceful proceedings took place recently at Falmouth, England, where a young woman was buried with extreme ritualistic ceremony, headed by a twelve foot cross. Incense was used in the church, the rector meantime kneeling at the coffin. The service was interrupted by groans from a large mob, mingled with hisses and laughter. A scuffle followed, in which the rector's surplice was torn.

The New York *Sun* of the 17th asserts that Mr. Greeley is the author of John Russell Young's exposure. It says Young's letters were submitted to Mr. Greeley, and examined by him, four days before they were printed in the *Sun*, and then asseverates that they were published in the *Sun* because Mr. Greeley took no steps to punish or remove Young, concluding: "Mr. Young has himself to thank for the commission of the offense, and Mr. Greeley for its exposure."

In the Paranagat District, in the southeastern part of the State of Nevada, distant from Austin perhaps 180 miles, is a remarkable mountain of salt about 70 miles south of the mines. It is reported to be about five miles in length and 600 feet in height. The body of salt is of unknown depth. It is chemically pure and crystaline, and does not deliquesce on exposure to atmosphere. Like rock, it requires blasting from the mine, whence it is taken in large blocks, and is as transparent as glass.

The Portland, (Maine) *Transcript* says that Mrs. Caroline E. Brown, of Waterford, mother of the late Chas. E. Brown, "Artemus Ward," after waiting long, by the advice of friends, for the public to erect a monument over the grave of her son, has determined to put up a gravestone at her own expense. In furtherance of this object the editor of the *Transcript* has sent to her the sum of $31.50, principal and interest, placed in his hands as contributions towards the erection of a monument. Mrs. Brown has never received a cent from the property of her son.

A man in San Joaquin, California, has in his possession a surveyor's instrument, on the front lens of which is plainly seen a beautiful landscape, with all the varied hues of nature. Some fifteen years ago, according to the owner's account, the instrument had been in use, and was left standing for a time, on the plain, in a scorching midday's sun, fronting a woodland. When again brought into use, a correct picture of the fronting woodland, with all the various colors of the landscape, was photographed on the lens, and has remained unchanged to the present time.

Ben. Wade has been visited at his home in the "rustic village" of Jefferson by a newspaper correspondent. The "old war horse" received the correspondent graciously, and made no secret of his views upon men and things. He thinks the reason why Grant dislikes him is owing mainly to his being "down" on West Point, and a disparaging way in which he spoke of it; which Grant did not like; that there should be no difficulty in determining which is the true Republican party in Virginia, by noting which one the late rebels support; that Grant's policy will be a vigorous one, both in regard to the Ku Klux and the Alabama claims; that the logic of Sumner's speech is irresistible; and that a labor party would prove a failure.

A correspondent of the Boston *Advertiser*, writing from New Orleans, says that "at the South the prevailing dislike for our section will crop out in unpleasant fashion. Three such ugly chances have happened to your correspondent within two weeks. One was on the Mississippi, where a brutal Texan amused himself by lounging in the neighborhood of those whom he imagined to be Northerners, and making disagreeable remarks about the d——d Yankees. Again, while taking an uneasy nap on a railroad train one stormy night, I was waked by the loud invectives of a burly planter who was saying to a friend, over their freshly opened whiskey bottle, that 'Damn the Yankees, the whole crew of them; he never saw any of 'em without wanting to blow the tops of their heads off,' and so on. The third was at the Troup House, in Selma, where the landlord devoted all his spare time—and he seemed to have a deal of it—to describing his exploits in offering gratuitous insults to carpet-baggers and scalawags. These instances might be offset by a dozen cases of personal kindness."

GAS FIXTURES

WELDON & KELLY,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
Lamps, Lanterns, Chandeliers,
AND LAMP GOODS.
Also, CARBON AND LUBRICATING OILS,
BENZINE, &c.
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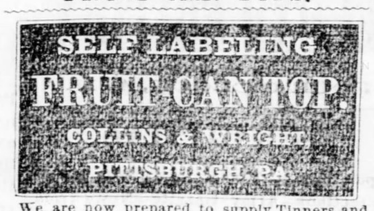
FRUIT CAN TOPS.



We are now prepared to supply Tinners and Potters. It is perfect, simple, and as cheap as the plain top, having the names of the various Fruits stamped upon the cover, radiating from the center, and an index or pointer stamped upon the top of the can.

It is Clearly, Distinctly and Permanently LABELED,

by merely placing the name of the fruit the can contains opposite the pointer and sealing in the customary manner. No preserver of fruit or good housekeeper will use any other after once seeing it. mh25

WATER PIPES,
CHIMNEY TOPS
A large assortment,
HENRY H. COLLINS,
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TRIMMINGS, NOTIONS, &C.
DESIRABLE GOODS
JUST RECEIVED
BY
HORNE & CO.
PARASOLS, SUN UMBRELLAS,
Knotted Fringes, black and colored, Gimp Trimmings, Guipure Lace, Dress Buttons, all shades, Sacque Loops, Fine Silk Fans, Invisible and La Pannier Hoop Skirts, French Corsets. Latest Novelties in Hats and Bonnets, Ribbons, Fine French Flowers Trimming Satins, Embroideries, Lace Goods, Linen Goods, Paper Collars, Cuffs and Shirt Fronts of best makes. Gent's and Ladies' Underwear, the Patent Pantaloon Drawer, Morrison's Star Shirt.
EVERY DEPARTMENT COMPLETE.
77 AND 79 MARKET STREET.
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NEW, CHEAP AND GOOD GOODS!
FRINGES AND GIMPS
In all styles and colors.
SILK LOOPS FOR SACQUES.
FINE ASSORTMENT OF SATINS,
THE NEW COQUETTE FAN PARASOLS.
Also, a large variety of
SILK PARASOLS & SUN UMBRELLAS.
White French Whalebone Corsets,
Only 60 cts. a pair.
THE NEW
Purple and Mexique Blue Kid Gloves.
A splendid assortment of
COTTON HOSIERY.
WHITE & BRO. BALBRIGGAN HOSE.
LACE CHEMISETTES, all styles.
SILK SCARFS,
EMBROIDERIES,
LACE, &c.
Gent's Spring Undergarments.
MACRUM, GLYDE & CO,
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NEW SPRING GOODS
AT
MACRUM & CARLISLE'S
No. 27 Fifth Avenue,
Dress Trimmings and Buttons.
Embroideries and Laces.
Ribbons and Flowers.
Hats and Bonnets.
Glove fitting and French Corsets.
New Styles Bradley's Skirts.
Parasols—all the new styles.
Sun and Rain Umbrellas.
Hosiery—the best English makes.
Agents for "Harris' Seamless Kids."
Spring and Summer underwear,
Sole Agents for the Bemis Patent Shape Collars, "Lockwood's "Irving," "West End," "Elite," &c; "Dickens," "Derby," and other styles.
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WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
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87 Market Street.
Prints, Muslins, Dress Goods,
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FULL LINE OF
SILK SACQUES,
Very Cheap.
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SPRING GOODS ARRIVING DAILY. mh6

GLASS. CHINA. CUTLERY.
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R. E. BREED & CO.
NEW GOODS.
FINE VASES,
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NEW STYLES,
DINNER SETS,
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SILVER PLATED GOODS
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Call and examine our goods, and we feel satisfied no one need fail to be suited.
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CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL
Private diseases. Syphilis in all its forms, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Stricture, Orchitis, and all urinary diseases, and the effects of mercury are completely eradicated; Spermatorrhea or Seminal Weakness and Impotency, resulting from self-abuse or other causes, and which produces some of the following effects, as blotches, bodily weakness, indigestion, consumption, aversion to society, unmanliness, dread of future events, loss of memory, indolence, nocturnal emissions, and finally so prostrating the sexual system as to render marriage unsatisfactory, and therefore imprudent, are permanently cured. Persons afflicted with these or any other delicate, intricate or long standing constitutional complaint should give the Doctor a trial; he never fails.
A particular attention given to all Female complaints, Leucorrhea or Whites, Falling, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Womb, Ovaritis, pruritis, Amenorrhoea, Menorrhagia, Dysmenorrhoea, and Sterility or Barrenness, are treated with the greatest success.
It is self-evident that a physician who confines himself exclusively to the study of a certain class of diseases and treats thousands of cases every year must acquire greater skill in that specialty than one in general practice.
The Doctor publishes a medical pamphlet of fifty pages that gives a full exposition of venereal and private diseases, that can be had free at office or by mail for two stamps, in sealed envelopes. Every sentence contains instruction to the afflicted, and enabling them to determine the precise nature of their complaints.
The establishment, comprising ten ample rooms, is central. When it is not convenient to visit the city, the Doctor's opinion can be obtained by giving a written statement of the case, and medicines can be forwarded by mail or express. In some instances, however, a personal examination is absolutely necessary, while in others daily personal attention is required, and for the accommodation of such patients there are apartments connected with the office that are provided with every requisite that is calculated to promote recovery, including medicated vapor baths. All prescriptions are prepared in the Doctor's own laboratory, under his personal supervision. Medical pamphlets at office free, or by mail for two stamps. No matter who have failed, read what he says. Hours 9 A.M. to 8 P.M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P.M. Office, No. 9 WYLIE STREET, (near Court House,) Pittsburgh, Pa.

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BRUSSELS CARPETS, VELVETS, &C.
The Latest Arrival
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McCALLUM BROS.,
No. 51 FIFTH AVENUE,
Have received by steamers Samaria and Manhattan the VERY NEWEST STYLES of the ENGLISH MARKET.
They also offer a
Complete Line of
DOMESTIC CARPETING.
To which large additions are daily being made.
A Display of Goods Equal
To any ever presented in this market at LOWEST PRICES.
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WINDOW SHADES,
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ROOFING SLATE OF VARIOUS
Qualities and Colors.
Particular attention given to laying Slate and repairing Slate roofs. For particulars and prices address
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mh31:g56 PITTSBURGH, PA

IN THE COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS, of Allegheny County. In the matter of the vacation of Canton street, May 8, 1869. Petition of freeholders presented, and, on motion of A. M. Brown, Attorney for petitioners, rule granted to show cause why Canton street, from Commerce street to the Monongahela river, in the 14th ward of Pittsburgh, should not be closed and vacated.
A. M. BROWN,
J. W. GAZZAM,
my10:j5-M&F Attorneys for Petitioners.

J. B. YOUNGSON & CO.,
FANCY CAKE BAKERY, CONFECTIONARY ICE CREAM and DINING SALOON,
83 Smithfield street, corner of Diamond alley, Pittsburgh.
Parties and families supplied with Ice Cream and Cakes on short notice.

HENDERSON J. & BROTHERS,
266 Liberty street, Dealers in Drugs, Paint and Patent Medicines.
ja8:29

Markets by Telegraph.

NEW YORK, May 22.—Cotton quiet and without decided change, with sales of 1,250 bales at 28¾c for middling uplands. Flour dull and 5@10c lower: receipts of 14,780 bbls, with sales of 5,700 bbls at $5,50@5,75 for superfine State and western, $6,00@6,45 for extra State, $5,90@6,80 for extra western, $6,85@7,90 for white wheat extra, $6,20@7,30 for R. H. O., $7,00@8,50 for common to fair extra St. Louis, and $9@12 for good to choice do. Rye Flour quiet, with sales of 200 bbls at $4,75@6,80. Corn Meal unchanged. Whisky firmer; sales of 250 bbls at $1,08 @1,10 for free. Wheat—receipts, 95,300 bus; 1@2c lower, with sales of 94,000 bus at $1,42 for No. 2 spring to arrive, $1,43 for No. 2 do. on spot, $1,48@1,50 for No. 1 do. delivered, $1,40 for Nos. 1 and 2 do. mixed delivered, $1,50 for Southern Illinois red: $1,46@1,50 for white Canada in bond; $1,65@1,70 for white California; $1,85 for white Michigan. Rye dull and declining; sales 2,000 bush western at $2,25. Barley nominal. Barley Malt dull: sales 600 bush at $1,32½. Corn: receipts were 36,734 bush; market is without decided change; sales 41,000 bush at 74@85c for inferior to prime new mixed western; 93@95¼c for old do in store and delivered. Oats: receipts were 5,297 bush; market dull and declining; sales 2,800 bush at 77@78c for western afloat, chiefly at the latter price, Coal quiet and firm. Leather; Hemlock sole firmer at 30@31c for Buenos Ayres and Rio Grand light and middle weight. Wool rather more active; sales 300,000 pounds at 49@52c for domestic fleece; 32@37c for unwashed; 42@47c for pulled. Rice firm. Coffee firm. Sugar quiet and firm; sales 400 bbls Cuba at 11¼@12. Molasses dull. Petroleum dull; 15¾@16 for crude; 31¾@32 for refined. Hops quiet; 6@14 for American. Linseed oil firm at $1,07@1,09. Pork heavy; sales of 650 bbls at $31,12@31,15 for new mess; $31,12 cash; $31,00 for old do.; $25@26 for prime; $28@28,27 for prime mess. Beef dull; 100 bbls sold at 8@16 for new plain mess; 12@18 for new extra mess. Tierce beef dull; 25 tierces sold at $22@28 for prime mess; $26@32 for India mess beef. Hams, 150 bbls sold at $20@32. Cut meats steady; 200 pkgs sold at 12¾@13 for shoulders; 15¼@16 for hams. Middles steady. Lard heavy and lower; 325 tierces sold at 17¾@19; chiefly at 18¾@18¾ for steam; 19@19¼ for kettle rendered. Butter unchanged at 35@38c for Ohio, and 36@40c for State. Cheese firm at 19@23c. Freights to Liverpool firmer; engagements per steamer 15,000 bus wheat at 5¼@5¾d. Spirits turpentine firm at 48 @49c. Metals: sheathing cepper steady at 33c; Ingot do quiet and firm at 23¾@24c for Baltimore and Lake Superior. Scotch pig Iron quiet and firm at $40 @44; American a shade lower at $37@40; bar dull at $85@90 for refined English and American; sheet quiet at 11¼@13½c gold for Russia. Nails quiet and steady at 4¾@4¾c for cut, 6¼@6¾c for clinch, and 26@30c for horse shoe.

Latest—Flour 5c lower. Wheat heavy and 1c lower. Rye dull and heavy at $1,24@1,25 for western. Oats dull and lower at 77@78c for western afloat. Corn steady at 78@86 for inferior to prime new mixed western. Pork dull and heavy at $31,12 for new mess, cash or regular. Beef unchanged. Cut meats quiet and steady. Bacon dull and unchanged. Lard dull and heavy at 18¾c for prime steam. Eggs steady at 18@20c.

CHICAGO, May 22.—Eastern exchange weaker at par@1-10 discount buying; par @1-10 premium selling. Flour moderately active; spring extra $5@6,25. Wheat weaker and ¼@¾c lower; sales of No. 1 at $1,18¾; No. 2 $1,14¼@1,15¼, closing at $1,14¼; sales since change at $1,14@1,14¼. Corn opened moderately active and higher; sales No. 1 at 66@67½; No. 2 60@61c; rejected 55¾@56c; no grades 44c, closing easier at 66¼@66¾c for No. 1, and weak at 60c for No. 2. Oats quiet and easy; sales of No. 2 at 60@60¾c, closing at 60@60¼c. Rye quiet; sales No. 1 at $1,10@1,12; No. 2 $1,08@1,09, closing with buyers at $1,10, and sellers $1,10@1,11 for No. 1. Barley dull and nominal at $1,55@1,60 for No. 2 in store. Highwines active and 4c higher; sales at 98c@$1,01, closing at the outside. New Orleans Molasses 95c @$1. Sugar 13½@14¾c for common to choice. Mess Pork firmer; sales at $31@31,50, closing at $31@31,25. Lard quiet; sales at 18¼c, closing at 18c. Dry salted shoulders firmer at 11¾@12c; short rib middles 15½c; rough sides 14¾c, buyer June. Freights quiet and firmer at 3½c for oats, and 5¼c for corn to Buffalo. Receipts for the past twenty-four hours —8,627 bbls flour, 49,570 bush wheat, 50,759 bush corn, 41,452 bush oats, 1,150 bush rye, 400 bush barley. Shipments—9,889 bbls flour, 3,222 bush wheat, 2,295 bush corn, 48,303 bush oats, 400 bush rye.

CINCINNATI, May 22.—Flour dull but unchanged. Wheat dull and prices irregular; Nos. 2 and 1 nominal at $1,30@1,37. Corn in good demand at 67c. Oats unchanged and in moderate demand at 68@71c. Rye declined to $1,25, but is held at $1,30 generally. Barley nominal, unchanged and dull. Cotton unchanged; middling 27@27¼c. Tobacco unchanged and in good demand. Whisky buoyant; holders ask $1; sales higher than 98c. Mess pork quiet and unchanged, asking $31. Bulk meats quiet but firm at 12@14½c. Bacon in fair demand, especially for sides; sales of 60 hhds at 13c for shoulders; 16¼@16¾c for clear rib, and clear sides at the close were held ¼c higher; sugar cured hams 18@19c. Lard dull; sales of 50 tierces at 18c. Butter unchanged; fresh yellow 33@36c. Eggs 17c. Linseed oil steady at $1,04@1,05. Lard oil unchanged but firm at $1,40@ 1,45. Petroleum, 32@33c for refined. Sugar unchanged and quiet; New Orleans 13¼@15¼c. Coffee firm at 20@27c, the latter rate for choice selections. Gold 141 buying, and 141¼ selling. Exchange dull at par buying, and 1-10 premium selling. Money market firm at 9@12 per cent.

ST. LOUIS, May 22.—Tobacco active and lugs and common leaf have advanced, sound plantation lugs sold at $5,75@7; common leaf $7@8,50, medium to good dark $8,50@12; black wrappers $10@16; medium bright leaf $15@22. Cotton: small sales middlings at 27c. Homp; a few bales fancy undressed sold at $1,70. Flour very quiet; sales superfine at $4,50 @5,30; double extra $5@7,90; fancy $9@ 11. Wheat weak, and fall has declined 5@10c; good to strictly prime red sold at $1,45@1,50; choice to fancy $1,64@18,5. Corn buoyant and firm, 60@65c, bulk; 65@ 68c for mixed and yellow in sacks; 72@ 75c for choice to fancy. Wheat is heavy and easier, at $1,67@1,70. Rye is dull and lower, closing at $1,10. Whisky is higher, at 96c. Groceries are unchanged. Provisions are held firm and there is but little disposition to sell. Pork is held at $31@31,50, the latter for extra heavy. Dry salted shoulders, packed, are held at 12c. Bacon; jobbing sales of shoulders were made at 13c, rib sides at 16c, clear rib heavy at 19¾c, and clear sides at 17c. Sugar cured hams, 20c. Lard is firm at 18c for tierce, and 16½c for keg. The cattle market is strong for the best grades, and prices are held at $4@7,37½. Hogs are firm at $8@9,50. Receipts—3,100 barrels flour, 14,000 bushels wheat, 3,100 bushels corn, 3,700 bushels oats, 600 bushels rye, and 450 head of hogs.

LOUISVILLE, May 22.—Bagging firm at 22@23c for 2 lb. Whisky and Highwines; none in the market; dealers quote at $1,00@1,01. Wheat quiet at $1,30@1,40. Corn quiet at 65@70c. Oats firm at $1,70. Rye steady at $1,45@1,47. Malt steady; No. 1 spring $2,30. Potatoes; new $8@9; old nominal at $1,10@1,25. Cement is steady at $2,00@2,25. Sugar and Coffee steady and unchanged. Flour steady; superfine $5,00@5,75. Hay firm at $22,50. Butter quiet at 27@30. Eggs quiet at 15 @16c. Wool—unwashed 33@36c. Mess Pork $31,50. Bacon; shoulders 13½@ 13¾c, clear rib sides 16¾c, and clear sides at 17¼c. Lard at 18½c in tcs. Hams at 19c for fancy sugar cured. Provisions quiet and firm. Cattle market steady at 3¼@7¼c. Hog market closes weak at $7,50@9,20. Sheep firm at $3,50@4,50 for good to extra. Leaf Tobacco: sales today 155 hhds at prices ranging from $5 for trash to $19 for cutting leaf.

BUFFALO, May 22.—Flour dull; sales 100 bbls, western bakers at $6,90; 100 do. at $6,65 afloat. Wheat rather unsettled, but closing steady; sales, 15,000 bu. No. 2 Chicago about $1,25¼; 15,000 bu. No. 2 Milwaukee Club at $1,26. Corn scarce but firm; sales 20,000 bus. kiln dried new at 73@73½c; 16,500 bus. new No. 1 at 73c, and 20,000 new in lots at 66@70c. The advances is attributed to light stock. Oats dull, sales, 1450 bus. western at 70c. Rye nominal at $1,30 for western. Barley quiet. Pork dull; asking $32. Lard nominal at 15c. Highwines in little demand, and prices advanced; sales yesterday of 200 bbls. at $1,17; this morning offered at $1,00; in afternoon held at $1,07 and $1,04 bid.

CLEVELAND, May 22.—Flour market dull and very heavy. Wheat very dull and nominally unchanged; held at $1,45 for No. 1 red winter; $1,28 for No. 2 do; $1,30 for No. 1 Milwaukee spring. Corn scare, No. 1, mixed, market firm at 70c; No. 2 dull at 68c; ears on track held at 64c. Oats dull and nominally unchanged, 67c as the outside asking rate, buyers offering 68c. Lard dull and prices nominal. Barley, there is nothing doing, and market without established price. Petroleum market steady but quiet; refined 28@29c for standard white in car lots, and over small lots 2@3c advance.

TOLEDO, May 22.—Flour quiet and steady. Wheat—amber 1@2c better and active, $1,40@1.40¼ on spot, and $1,40 seller June; white Michigan $1,43. Corn active and 1@2c better; No. 1, 70@71c; No. 2, 68c; no grade, condition seller, outside 58c. Oats quiet and unchanged, 68c for Michigan. Rye is held at $1,15 for No. 1. Barley nominal. Freights—6c on wheat to Oswego. Receipts—3,100 bbls flour, 700 bush wheat, 15,000 bush corn, 7,000 bush oats, 4,500 bush rye. Shipments—1,100 bbls flour, 7,600 bush wheat, 3,200 bush corn, 10,000 bush oats.

NEW ORLEANS, May 22.—Cotton; sales 800 bales middlings at 28@28¼c; receipts 608 bales, exports 6,711 bales. Exchange Sterling bank 154½; New York sight, per gold, 140¾. Flour: superfine $5,25@ 5,35; double extra $5,75; treble extra $6,25. Corn: white 85c. Oats 82c. Bran $1,25. Hay $27,00. Pork $32,00. Bacon; shoulders 13¼c; sides 17¼@17¾c. Lard in tierce 18½@18¾c; in keg 19½@20c. Sugar nominal; common 9¾@10¼c. prime 13½@13¾c. Molasses unchanged. Whisky 87½@92½c. Coffee: prime 16¾ @17¼c; fair 15¾c.

OSWEGO, May 22.—Flour active and unchanged. Wheat firm and quiet; sales 1,000 bu Sheboygan club at $1,30; No. 1 Milwaukee club held at $1,38, with offers of $1,36. Corn firm and quiet: No. 1 Indiana held at 77c; sales 3,000 bush new Illinois at 70c. Oats—none in market. Barley, Rye and Peas inactive. Canal freights—wheat 9c, corn 7½c, rye 8c to New York. Railroad freights on flour to Boston 88c; to New York 58c; to Albany 50c. Lake imports—5,000 bu wheat. Canal exports—12,700 bu wheat; 28,000 bu corn.

PHILADELPHIA, May 22.—Flour dull and declining; northwestern family $6@7; Ohio do. $7,50@8,50. Wheat very quiet; amber $1,60@1,62. Rye unchanged. Corn is in demand and advanced 1c; yellow 87c. Oats; western 80@83c. Petroleum quiet; crude 22@22½c, refined 31½@31¾c. Provisions unchanged. Whisky 98c@$1.

BALTIMORE, May 22.—Flour steady and in fair demand. Wheat dull. Corn firm; white 84c; yellow 87@88c. Oats dull and weak at 68@70c for light Maryland; 76c@78c for western. Rye at $1,35@1,45. Whisky is very firm and scarce, holders ask $1,00. Provisions firm.

MEMPHIS, May 22.—Cotton dull; middlings 27¼c; receipts 103 bales; exports 630 bales. Flour steady. Corn 70@75c. Oats 75@80c. Hay $27@28. Pork $32. Lard 18@19½c. Bacon firm: shoulders 13¼c; sides 17¾c. Bulk meats dull; shoulders 12½c; sides 16¼c.

DETROIT, May 22.—Flour in demand, and for choice less active; best brands at $8. Wheat; receipts 8,500 bus; market steady for choice, and lower grades weak; extra white winter at $1,58@1,80. No. 1 do at $1,60, No. 2 do at $1,33@1,34. Corn quiet at 69c. Oats dull at 67c.

CHICAGO, May 22—Hogs opened quiet and steady but closed dull and weak at $8,90@9,40 for fair to choice; receipts 3,597 head; shipments 5,779 head. Cattle dull at $6,75@7,10 for fair to good steers.

Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, May 22.—The enquiry for all textile fabrics continues limited, and there is but little change to observe in prices. Brown drills are a little irregular, and best brands are offered at 16½c without leading to important sales. Heavy brown sheetings, best makes Appleton A, Indian Head and Atlantic A selling at 13½@15. Fine sheetings, best brands; common, 11@11½, and fine shirtings, 12@12½, and printed calicoes of best makes, 12@12¾, except the Cocheco, which still sell high as 14.

RIVER NEWS.

The rainy season seems to be over for the present and our rivers thus far have not risen as much as was generally expected, the Monongahela marks at noon yesterday only indicating six feet six inches. Weather cloudy and clear at intervals, though cool and pleasant.

The Armadillo from St. Paul is the only arrival we have to report. She has made a very successful trip, and will probably try it over again.

The Bellevernon and Argosy left St. Louis for Pittsburgh on Friday.

The Wauanita, Capt. C. A. Dravo, is announced to depart for St. Louis and the upper Mississippi to-day, and passengers and shippers should bear this in mind.

The high-headed Leonidas, Capt. R. Greenlee, is filling up slowly for New Orleans, and will be the first boat out. She is a first rate boat and is admirably adapted for the long voyage she is about to undertake.

The Benton, which boat sunk on the Upper Mississippi the other day, was built here in 1861, at a cost of about $30,000.

The Silver Moon at last accounts, was aground on the falls and in a critical condition. All of her cargo was being removed as speedily as possible, but it is feared the boat cannot be saved.

A dispatch from Capt. Wm. Dean, dated at Omaha, reports that the mountain steamer Nick Wall has been raised.

The Wild Duck passed Cincinnati on Saturday, with 950 tons of Pittsburgh manufactures.

The Camelia arrived at Nashville on Friday, and the Ironsides left St. Louis the same day for Pittsburgh.

—The St. Marys left Cincinnati for Pittsburgh on Friday and is due here this forenoon. She returns as usual tomorrow at noon.

—The R. C. Gray left Cincinnati for Pittsburgh, on Thursday with only about 50 tuns. She had an engagement for 40 tuns bulk meat at Maysville, and will probably fill out to her full capacity before reaching her destination. Pilots, William Shouse and W. H. Dorsey.

—The Kate Putnam, St. Louis to Pittsburgh, left Cincinnati on Thursday, with all the freight she wanted. Pilots—Jas. Henderson and Crate Reno.

—The new steamer Science just about completed at Wheeling, had steam up for the first time on Thursday.

—The little steamer Uncle Sam, now running in Kentucky River, is having a texas added. She brought down twenty-two emigrants for Missouri last trip.

—A new boat was launched at Rolly's yard Paducah, Saturday, and another at Cunningham & Roberts' yard, Paducah, Tuesday, both for the St. Louis and Keokuk Packet Company. They are both of the same dimensions; 235 feet in length, 5½ feet hold, 37½ feet beam.

—The Glasgow has contracted at Dubuque for wheat to St. Louis at 8c per bushel, oats at 5c per bushel, pound freight at 25c per 100 to Cincinnati, 30c to Louisville, and 40c to Pittsburgh.

—The Great Republic was tied up at Memphis, on the 16th, for $3,500, due Brown & Jones. She gave bond.

—The two Darnell's, who murdered the Lanes on the Belle Memphis at Madrid Bend have been indicted for murder in the first degree, but have fled the country.

—When the Liberty No. 3 passed the Charleston, sunk in the Kanawha river, on Monday, there was only two feet of water on her decks and the river falling fast. She is probably afloat by this time. Capt. Murdock turned her over to her new owner, Capt Bates, of Louisville, a short time before she sunk.

—The towboat Falls Pilot, is still hard aground on the falls.

—The Vicksburg broke her shaft last Saturday just below 18 Mile Point, and returned to New Orleans for repairs.

—The Northern Line steamers run through to Minneapolis on Tuesday, Thursdays, and Saturdays, and to St. Paul on the alternate days. The merchants of Minneapolis are jubilant thereat, and bestow blessings upon the head of Captain Ward, the President of the line.

—The transfer boat of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, at Parkersburg, sunk a barge Wednesday containing 1,500 bushels of coal.

—Says an Upper Mississippi paper: A new style of rafting lumber was exhibited on Thursday. A raft went down with a little steamer at the stern pushing it and a screw propeller lying straight across the front of the bow to steer it. This operation is a novel one for these waters, but it will be readily seen that it must work well. Wonder what the old New York and Pennsylvania lumbermen would think of it?.

—The Collossal has met with no disaster, as reported, but is still on her way to Ft. Benton.

—The Phil. Sheridan blew out a cylinder head on her last trip to St. Paul.

—There are twenty-seven barges now lying at Carondelet, below St. Louis, loading or laden with iron ore for Pittsburgh and other points.

—The Silver Moon is aground on the falls, where she will doubtless remain all summer, unless there is a good rise soon in the river.

—Capt. Davis is in command of the Golden Eagle, having recovered from his recent illness.

River and Weather.

LOUISVILLE, May 22.—River falling with 6 feet 9 inches in the canal. Weather clear and pleasant.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD, May 22.—7 cars metal, Nimick & Co; 2 do do, J W Porter; 5 do do, Zug & Co; 4 do do, Union Mills; 100 bbls flour, Watt, Lang & Co; 100 do do, J M Montgomery; 100 do do, S Lindsay Jr & Co; 400 sks do, Seghmyer & Voskamp; 500 bbls do owner; 50 bbls high wines, Little & Mechling; 40 cases, 25 kgs lard, J H Parker; 10 sks wool, J H Struthers; 2 pkgs liquor, L Bear; 31 sks rags, Pitts Paper Co; 1 car ear corn, Robb & Herron; 5 tcs hams, F Sellers & Co; 3 bbls oil, Fleming Bro; 100 bbls flour, owner; 2 tubs butter, Morrison & Devol; 5 bbls oil, W H Craig; 37 bxs soap, B L Fahnestock & Co; 10 do do, Means & Coffin; 8 do do, 6 do candles, B Bishop; 10 do soap, Shipton & Wallace; 12 do do, Ryne & Wylie; 6 tubs butter, W H Graff & Co; 2 bbls cider, G W Loechel; 1 car oats, Graham & Marshall; 17 bxs soap, Hagan & Courtney; 15 do do, Reymer & Bro; 5 do cheese, W D Cooper; 13 do do, Woodworth & Davison; 18 do do, N J Braden; 50 tcs hams, E H Myers & Co; 210 bdls hides, G N Hoffstott.

ALLEGHENY STATION, May 22.—1 car staves, M P Adams & Bro; 1 car shipstuff, S B Floyd & Co; 3 cars staves, C Pemberton; 6 bxs soap, F Breeber; 5 do do, J A Scott; 3 cars wheat, Kennedy & Bro; 110 kgs powder, A Kirk; 30 bbls apples, 4 bbls eggs, 32 sks oats, 4 do beans, Owens & K; 10 bbls flour, Mercer & Robinson.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, May 22.—1 car stone, J L L Knox; 1 do limestone ore, Zug & Co; 1 Floyd & Co; 1 do lumber, Hamilton Algeo A & Co; 1 do do, Clark & Co; 251 pcs blooms, Park Bros & Co; 10 bbls oil, Pennock & Beeson; 26 bxs, 2 bbls starch, Reymer & Bros; 10 crates do, 2 bbls oatmeal, 1 do pearl barley, J Porterfield; 15 bxs starch, Haslage & Co; 5 do oatmeal, Rinehart & S; 25 do starch, J A Graff; 20 jugs molasses, 3 jars butter, H Riddle; 12 bxs cheese, Day & Co; 6 do do, F G Craighead; 6 bbls eggs, 1 kg butter, Jos Shilling; 2 do eggs, 235 sks oats, M'Bane & A; 110 do corn, Steel & Bro; 50 do flaxseed, J W Thursby; 4 bbls eggs, 1 tub butter, Voigt, M & Co; 1 car oats, Steel & Son; 1 do corn, M B Suydam; 1 do flaxseed, G Stewart; 1 do lime, Rose & Ewing; 1 do bran, 13 sks rye, Clark & Bro.

PITTSBURGH CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD, May 22.—5 bbls eggs, 1 do dried fruit, J A Graff; 17 sks potatoes, J Cook; 25 do oats, Meanor & H; 8 bbls eggs, 11 dry hides, Day & Co; 16 sks oats, Robb & H; 320 bbls flour, Schomaker & L; 25 bxs candles, Watt, L & Co; 25 tcs hams, J H Parker; 50 do do, Hays & Son; 2 cars corn, C S Lucas; 100 bbls flour, D Wallace.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, May 22.—560 bbls crude oil, Fisher & Bro; 160 do do, Stella Oil Works; 80 do do, D Bly & Co; 560 do do, Kiers Refinery; 3 bbls eggs, L J Blanchard; 2 do do, John O'Dell; 1 do do, W Whitesides; 19 bbls scraps, J W Allison; 1 car railroad iron, J B Dorrington; 6 do do, C A Carpenter.

TRADE MARK.

DITHRIDGE'S

FIRE-PROOF

Lamp

CHIMNEYS.

Je10:e26

RIVER PACKETS.

NEW ORLEANS AND TEXAS.

FOR MEMPHIS AND NEW ORLEANS—The steamer LEONIDAS.....Capt. R. EVANS. Will leave as above THIS DAY, the 24th inst., at 4 o'clock P. M.
For freight or passage apply on board or to my22 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

FOR NEW ORLEANS, GALVESTON, BROWNSVILLE, Texas—The new and staunch-built steamer MATAMORAS, No. 2.....Capt. R. DALZELL. Will leave as above on WEDNESDAY, the 26th inst.
For freight or passage apply on board or to mys FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

UPPER MISSISSIPPI.

FOR ST. LOUIS, DUBUQUE AND ST. PAUL—The fine steamer WAUANITA.....Capt. C. A. DRAVO. Will leave for the above ports positively THIS DAY, the 24th inst., at 4 P.M.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to my22 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents

FOR ST. LOUIS, KEOKUK, GALENA, DUBUQUE and ST. PAUL direct—The new and elegant passenger packet GLENDALE.....JOHN M. HARE, Captain. Will leave for the above ports on WEDNESDAY, the 26th inst., at 12 o'clock M.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to my22 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

1869.

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mh26:g23

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FOR WHEELING, MARIETTA, PARKERSBURG AND CINCINNATI.
Leaves Pittsburgh EVERY TUESDAY 12 M,
Leaves Cincinnati EVERY FRIDAY—4 P. M.
The swift and superb Sidewheel Steamer ST. MARYS, T. C. SWEENEY, Commander, will leave as announced above.
For Freight or Passage apply on board, or to FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, or COLLINS & BARNES, Agents.
N. B.—No Freight received on Tuesday after 11 A. M. mh29

PARKERSBURG.

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Freight will be received at all hours by JAMES FLACK, FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, ap13 Agents.

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The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PUBLISHED DAILY, BY

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MONDAY, MAY 24, 1869.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Republican voters of Allegheny county are requested to meet at the usual places for holding elections in the several wards, boroughs and townships, on

SATURDAY, MAY 29th, 1869,

And elect delegates from each election district to each of the three following Conventions, viz:

Two delegates from each to the COUNTY CONVENTION, for the purpose of nominating candidates for Sheriff, Recorder, Register, Treasurer, Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions, Clerk of the Orphans' Court and Commissioner.

Two other delegates from each to the LEGISLATIVE CONVENTION, for the purpose of nominating one candidate for State Senator, for one year, to fill the unexpired term of Russell Errett, resigned, and six candidates for Assembly. And

Two other delegates from each to the JUDICIAL CONVENTION, to nominate one candidate for Judge of the District Court, and one candidate for Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, and elect eight delegates to represent the county in the Republican State Convention.

These Conventions will severally meet, in the city of Pittsburgh, on

TUESDAY, JUNE 1, 1869,

At 11 o'clock A. M., at the following places:

The COUNTY CONVENTION will meet at the COURT HOUSE.

The LEGISLATIVE CONVENTION will meet at CITY HALL, on Market street. And

The JUDICIAL CONVENTION will meet in MASONIC HALL, on Fifth avenue, between Wood and Smithfield streets.

The election of delegates will be held between the hours of 4 and 7 o'clock P. M., and will be held, as far as practicable, by the Republican members of the election boards in the several districts; and in those districts where the Republican election officers are a minority of the regular election boards, the said officers are authorized to appoint enough additional officers to complete the board.

The voting in the cities and boroughs shall, in all cases, be by ballot, and in the townships by marking.

The President of each Convention will appoint a Committee of three, the three Committees thus appointed to meet together, as soon as practicable after the adjournment of the Conventions, and appoint a County Committee for the ensuing year.

By order of the County Committee.

RUSSELL ERRETT, Chairman.

JOHN H. STEWART, Secretary.

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE—*Second page: Ephemeris, Miscellaneous Reading Matter, Clippings. Third and Sixth pages: Commercial, Financial, Mercantile and River News, Markets, Imports. Seventh page: Entertaining Light Reading Matter and Amusements.*

U. S. BONDS at Frankfort, 85¼.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 47⅞f.

GOLD closed in New York on Saturday at 141⅜@141½.

NEARLY thirty-five thousand applications for office have been registered in six of the Executive departments since the present administration came in. About one half of thi number were to the Post Master General.

GOV. HOFFMAN, in refusing to sign the Registration act passed by the New York Legislature, has furnished fresh evidence of the fact that there, as well as everywhere, fraud at the ballot box is the best hope of the Democracy.

IT IS understood that the negotiations between the Pennsylvania and Fort Wayne Companies are not yet fully concluded, as to details, but that the proposed lease is substantially agreed to, and will be announced in a day or two.

SATURDAY'S GAZETTE contained a communication asking whether Mr. JOSEPH DILWORTH would be a candidate for County Commissioner before the Republican Convention. Elsewhere to-day that gentleman publishes a card which fully explains itself.

THE Lutheran Synod of Pennsylvania holds its one hundred and twenty second Annual Convention at Reading, commencing on Friday last. The regular business sessions begin to-day, with about two hundred clerical and lay delegates in attendance.

FOUR HUNDRED families, all silk-weavers by occupation, are about to emigrate from England to this country, their occupations being gone since the Cobden treaty has been in force between England and France. Thousands of others, too poor to emigrate, are left behind, in constant dread of the poor-house. This is a forcible chapter in favor of home protection.

THE French Legislative elections commenced yesterday and will close on Wednesday next. In Paris, and perhaps other large cities, the Liberals may succeed, but the departments will return a large majority over all, for the support of the government. The arrangements seem to be ample for the repression of any popular outbreaks while the elections are in progress.

JOHN A. MYLER, ESQ., assumed his position as Postmaster of Allegheny on Saturday. His large business knowledge and experience, correct habits, sterling integrity and universal courtesy, are sufficient guarantees that he will discharge the duties of his new position in such a manner as to make him a popular officer and ono who will reflect credit to the Department.

Capt. HUGH MCKELVY, the outgoing Postmaster, bears with him into retiracy, the best wishes of all citizens. He made an excellent and efficient public officer, discharging his duties with honesty, tact and ability.

BY PROCLAMATION of President GRANT the eight hour law passed by Congress, having reference to workmen in the employ of the Government, has been properly interpreted to mean that the allotted measure of time is a full day's work, and consequently no reduction in pay can follow. If the law contemplates a reduction in wages in ratio to the reduction in time, no good to workingmen could possibly result from its passage. A similar law is in force in this State, but employers have the right to hire as they choose, either by the hour or day. If by the latter, they must make their calculations on eight hours daily services obtained, no more.

THE arrangements for Decoration Day are favorably progressing, and we can predict that the old spirit of loyalty and patriotism, which made conspicuous our city and county in the dark hours of rebellion, will render the occasion one worthy the sacred memory of our countless fallen heroes. We cordially invite our country friends to visit the city and participate in the exercises, assuring them that either as individuals or as delegations they will meet with hearty welcome. A movement is on foot to have the day observed as a general holiday, and we trust our merchants and manufacturers will not hesitate to suspend worldly callings, and afford all an opportunity to pay tribute to the memory of the sleeping patriots.

WE have in our eye, at this writing, a trio of such newspapers. One of them, in the heart of the Commonwealth, is printed by a precious set of worthies, of whom one is said to have an unpleasantness about his accounts as a public officer, and the other has, within a year, been foiled in a deliberate attempt to swindle $4,000 from the State Treasury. —*Gazette.*

Adverting, on Thursday last, to the disreputable character of certain journals, which are just now attempting, by a cry of "stop thief," to divert public attention from private corruptions of their own, we found it necessary to use the language above reprinted. We perceive now that the garment was a neat fit, and that the proper owner, *whom we did not otherwise name*, has put it on. Claiming the coat, it should not find fault with the tailor. And we, having exposed the knavery, must really pity the amazing simplicity which thus confirms it. That partnership should have a guardian.

ELSEWHERE it is announced that the New York *Tribune* will commence, in weekly chapters, on the 1st proximo, the publication of a series of articles from the pen of Mr. GREELEY on Political Economy, elucidating and defending the policy of Protection to Home Industry. In view of the vigorous efforts now being put forward by the Free Traders to poison and corrupt public opinion and lead it into their way of thinking, these essays, fresh from the pen of one eminently qualified to meet and refute their pernicious doctrines, should be carefully read and studied by every citizen in the country, and especially by those who make up the laboring classes, and whose interests are directly involved in the issue. While the promised articles are running through the columns of the *Tribune* its circulation should be increased ten fold in Western Pennsylvania, where the great majority of voters are arrayed against Free Trade, believing that their personal welfare is largely dependent on a proper protection of their labors.

IT IS A NOTEWORTHY fact that the plan adopted in Pennsylvania to hedge in, and prevent the designing managers of the Erie railway from obtaining control of one of our important roads, has been taken advantage of by the same corporation to advance their own interests as a monopoly in New York. Governor HOFFMAN has just signed the bill extending the terms of the present Directors of the Erie, Hudson, Harlem and Central Railroads so that one-fifth of them shall serve five, another fifth four, another three, and another two years, instead of electing them all each year as hitherto, thus securing power by tenure of office. Corrupt means were undoubtedly used to secure this legislation, but the precedent was honestly set by our own Legislature, in protecting the interests of the Fort Wayne road.

In this connection we might add that the combination of the Erie with the Democratic party for future control of New York politics, has been made. It is not improbable that the people of that Commonwealth will awake to their interests and administer rebuke with telling effect on the dishonest men who have wickedly entered into a compact to work ruin on all interests outside their own.

IT IS tacitly admitted by both journals, the *Commercial* and *Leader* of this city, that the political management of each is entrusted to one and the same writer, a Democrat holding to the most ultra opinions of the extreme Copperhead wing of that party. Very naturally, this gentleman uses the confidence reposed in him, by the proprietors of the *Commercial*, to serve the interests of his own political friends, and in the most adroit way, by assailing the Republican organization in this county, through the columns of that professedly Republican journal. Undoubtedly, he meets, in this way, the real desires of those proprietors also, since it is well known that they have their secret revenges to gratify, against an organization which they can no longer use for their personal advantage.

It is not because the *Commercial* is now edited by a consistent and bitter enemy of the Republican party, who makes no private concealment of his political opinions, that its recent course is most objected to. In point of fact, its present editor is a vast improvement, in the way of intellectual capacity, upon any of his predecessors in the conduct of that journal. Its proprietors have a right to employ whomever they think proper; but they have no right to practice a political fraud, by imposing the opinions of a Democrat, *under an assumed Republican cover*, upon a Republican community.

It is only necessary that Republicans should know precisely who it is, that is just now assuming through the *Commercial's* columns to shape the sentiments and guide the policy of the party:—how hollow, insincere and at heart really hostile, the conduct of that journal in tact is toward the Republicans of the county and State—to deprive the *Commercial* at once of its last remaining claims upon the confidence of our political friends. We have faithfully done our duty in making this exposure, which stands, as it will stand, wholly uncontradicted. And so that journal can do no more mischief.

THE NEW TREASURY POLICY.

The gold-gamblers begin to feel, and with severity, that the Treasury is able and willing to defend the credit of the Government against the speculators who would destroy that credit, if left unchecked in the accomplishment of their designs. Already the gold quotation has gone down four per cent. from the highest point which, under an unnatural excitement, the market reached early last week. The decline is likely to continue, and the speculators are cracking, like bursting balloons, in all directions. Bonds are firm in price, with large purchases for foreign account. The Secretary will double his sales of gold, and unless precluded by the express terms of existing law, will also double his purchases of bonds. If so precluded, he may not sell the additional amounts of gold, being unwilling to withdraw so much currency from circulation unless he can return it to the market in corresponding purchases of bonds. His receipts from customs, in gold, are very large, having increased his balance four millions between the 10th and 20th of May. The internal revenue receipts are also very heavy, promising to be fully $17,000,000 for this month. The Treasury is stronger than it ever was, and quite able to inaugurate the financial policy to which the Secretary has now committed himself, and which will be fruitful of so much solid advantage to the true financial interests of both the Government and the people. It is gratifying to know that Mr. BOUTWELL will hold steadily to this policy, regardless of the interested protests of certain journals which are apparently manipulated by the gold-gamblers, and which, not without good cause, see the ruin of their pernicious traffic, in these wise steps for the maintenance of the public credit, and for the restoration of a healthier state of things in the finances and business of the country at large.

THE COMMUTATION PRISON SYSTEM.

One of the most striking changes introduced into the prison laws in various parts of this country, is that of rewarding convicts for good behavior by a systematic reduction of their sentences. The twenty-fourth annual report of the Executive Committee of the Prison Association of New York exhibits some highly interesting facts in regard to this comparatively new idea. Commutation-laws having been adopted in twenty-four of the United States are now being practically tried, and there is also a national law of similar significance, bearing upon persons convicted of offences against the United States. These various laws differ greatly, but their common purport is that a prisoner's good conduct shall result in the deduction of a certain portion of his term of sentence. It is in the amount of time that these laws chiefly differ. In Maine, New Hampshire, Massachusetts and one or two other States, a prisoner sentenced to one or two years' confinement thus works off one day per month, or twelve days per year. In New York one month for each of the first two years is the reduction. In California, Ohio, Connecticut, Michigan, Oregon and Wisconsin, a commutation of five days per month, or two months for each of the first two years is granted. Missouri, for the shorter terms of confinement, is the most liberal, giving three months for the first year and the same for each year following, for twenty years; for which long sentence five years reduction is thus the reward of good behavior. New York gives five and California six months more for the same term. The United States grants a reduction of one month a year for twenty years.

The superintendents of many of the prisons, in which this law is in operation, have reported concerning it, and all in its favor. In Ohio "it works admirably and has done much towards keeping up the the discipline of the institution." The warden of the Wisconsin penitentiary considers "the commutation law a more powerful agency to promote good conduct among convicts than any thing else that could have been devised for that end," and in Connecticut they say "the discipline of the prison was never better, and *it has been maintained with less punishment than formerly.*" All speak in the same terms of unconditional praise. In this Commonwealth, a prisoner, for good behavior, may be recommended to the Governor for pardon and the Governor may grant it. This is all that the prisoner has to hope for. Would it not be better to take advantage of the experience of other States, and adopt a regular system of commutation and reward?

SOUTHERN POLITICS.

Tennessee holds a judicial election this week. The schism in the Republican ranks has resulted in two tickets being put in the field, one by each wing. The Conservatives, Democrats or ex-rebels—different names for the same common opposition—present no nominations of their own, but will support whichever of the Republican nominees whose success would be least beneficial to the Republican cause. The same State will elect a Govenor and other State officers in August, the canvass for which offers precisely the same features. The Republican State Convention, held last week at Nashville, to nominate a ticket, split into two factions and adjourned without agreeing upon their candidates. Col. STOKES and Acting Governor SENTOR, representing the discordant elements, will run against each other, with the chances in favor of SENTOR, both from his present official position and from the general inclination of the Conservative element in his favor. An ex-rebel, in Tennessee, hates STOKES as a matter of course. The election is likely to result in a considerable modification of the proscriptive policy, toward that class, which at present controls the State affairs.

The elections in Mississippi and Texas, inaugurating their reconstruction under new Constitutions, are each to be held in September. The President has not yet issued his proclamation therefor, but it is understood that such is the decision which has been come to. It is even possible that the elections may be fixed for August, if the registrations now in progress shall be seasonably completed. It is conceded, in all quarters, that these elections will result in the adoption of the Constitutions, with or without certain clauses which may be submitted to separate votes.

Virginia elects on the 6th of July, with the prospect at present favoring the success of the WELLS, or Radical ticket, and of the Constitution without its test-oath and disfranchisement clauses. The effort to secure a separate submission of its provisions relative to county organizations was engineered in the rebel interest, for the purpose of excluding the black population from the benefits of the school-laws. This effort failed to secure the approval of the President—and so much to the rebel disgust, that it promises to repel a large number of their vote from the support of the WALKER, or Conservative, ticket.

The country is to be congratulated upon the prospect, at present so flattering, that the reconstruction of these three States will be completed before the close of the summer, and that Congress will, in December, be prepared to approve the claims of their respective delegations to seats in that body. Only Georgia will then be left, remaining by her own choice, stubbornly and most unwisely, outside the pale of the National clemency. The social and political condition of that State is really to be deplored. Here are the only people of the late rebel Confederacy, of whom it may be said that they remain, under the pretense of principle, perversely and malignantly hostile to the Union of loyal States. Texas is disorderly, but that was ever her normal condition, anterior to the rebellion, and as it must continue until her population shall come to feel the salutary influences of a more general popular education, and of a more contented submission to any laws, whether human or divine. The spirit of violence which continues to reign in Texas is, in a great degree, irrespective of the existing political complications with the Federal authority. But it is otherwise in Georgia. This was once among the most orderly of the Southern peoples, and would be so still, except for the unfortunate short-comings of the Federal policy, as intentionally betrayed by a late President, and the correction of which has been unwisely omitted by the Congressional authority. The present disturbances in Georgia are, therefore, wholly due to political causes, and can be remedied only in the methods which we have recently alluded to. We learn, however, with much gratification that the President will exert his official prerogatives to their utmost lawful limit, to repress the outrages so frequent of late among the hostile population of that State.

The municipal registration at Washington shows a total vote of 15,535—a large decrease since last year, owing to diminished appropriations and the exodus of many citizens to seek employment elsewhere. The "white man's" or Democratic party have struck that flag, and are supporting disaffected Republicans and colored men for their candidates. For example, at one of their ward meetings, a Dr. MILLER, who has entertained Mrs. JEFF. DAVIS in his house since the war, was beaten some thirty votes by his own colored barber. Should the party succeed with this kind of a ticket at the next municipal election, the Pittsburgh *Post* will chronicle it to the "white man's party" of this region as a Democratic victory.

RE-NOMINATION OF GOV. GEARY.

EDITORS GAZETTE: I thank the Second Ward Republican Club for its endorsement of Governor Geary and its influence in behalf of his re-nomination. I have several reasons therefor, not so generally known as they should be.

Of course all loyal men are grateful for his efficient services during the late war, but a greater meed of gratitude will be awarded him for his noble deeds as Governor of Kansas, by all lovers of Liberty, Justice and Law, than for all the heroism and executive ability which have so signally illustrated his course since that critical period in our national history. The writer of this was intimately associated with the pioneers of Freedom in Kansas, and had a large share in the fight through which Liberty gained her first substantial victory over the slave oligarchs. A large share of the glory of that victory was due to Governor Geary, for his faithfulness to Liberty and Law while Governor of Kansas, and I trust all who remember those perilous days will not fail also to remember John W. Geary in the selection of delegates to the coming State Convention.

KANSAS.

PITTSBURGH, May 22, 1869.

EDITORS GAZETTE: A correspondent in your paper of the 21st very kindly refers to a street rumor "that Joseph Dilworth would, if nominated by the Republican Convention, accept the candidacy for County Commissioner and devote the salary of the office, if elected, to the poor fund of the county. You remark thereon that you know nothing of the truth of the rumor, but know that it is in circulation, and that Mr. Dilworth can set the matter at rest by stating what he proposes to do."

I have only to say I do not ask for or seek the office, but believing as I do that there should be reform, I am willing to serve, should the Convention see proper to nominate me, and I will *donate the salary of the office, if elected, to the poor fund of the county.*

Respectfully yours,

JOSEPH DILWORTH.

Universal Amnesty—Its Political Expediency.

The Wheeling *Intelligencer* says: Shortly before the last session of the Fortieth Congress, it will be remembered, the New York *Tribune* came out in advocacy of an amendment proposing Mr. Greeley's plan of "Universal Suffrage and Universal Amnesty." Being sincerely desirous of seeing Congress propose an amendment enfranchising the blacks, and believing if the measure also included the rebels it would not pass Congress, or if it did would fail of ratification, we wrote a private note to Mr. Greeley simply for information, stating that an amendment enfranchising the negroes only would doubtless be ratified by our Legislature, while if it also enfranchised the rebels it would be sure of rejection. We offered no argument either for or against rebel enfranchisement, merely stating the grounds on which we were sure the Republicans in the Legislature would vote against such a measure. Mr. G. however, seems to have understood us to state these positions as our own. He replied as follows:

NEW YORK TRIBUNE,
NEW YORK, Nov. 18, 1368.

My Dear Sir: I have yours of the 16th. Its leading positions have long been understood and appreciated in this quarter. Now hear *me.*

Every year one thousand of your rebels die, and one thousand (or more) of their sons become of age. You can't disfranchise THEM. You have now five thousand majority. Six years at the farthest will convert this into a rebel majority of one thousand, then the rebels will be enfranchised in spite of you, and the Blacks will be left under foot—and you under-estimate these at two thousand.

Go your own way, see if the rebels don't have you under foot in *less* than six years.

I speak from a wide experience when I tell you that your house is built on the sand. It cannot stand. Every year will see the passions of the war cool, and the demand for amnesty strengthened. *Now* you can amnesty the rebels. Soon the question will be. Shall they amnesty *you?* Look at Kentucky and Maryland and read your certain fate in theirs.

Yours, HORACE GREELEY.

Washington Items.

The municipal registration for the June election is about completed in this city. About seven thousand whites refused to register, and the white majority is but five hundred.

The prevailing rumors of dissensions in the Cabinet are entirely without foundation. It is probable, however, that General Rawlins will shortly resign the War Department portfolio on account of failing health, and rumor says that in the event of his retirement Judge Advocate General Holt will be appointed in his stead.

The General Synod of the Lutheran Church, in session here for some days past, adjourned finally this afternoon. The next session, in 1871, will be held in Dayton, Ohio. Among other business transacted to-day was the appointment of a Committee of Five to attend a Convention to be held in New York to take into consideration the question of the encroachments of the Roman Catholic Church upon the membership of the Lutheran Church.

The Cuban question has almost ceased to be a topic of conversation here, and in diplomatic circles there is absolutely nothing new in reference to it. The Secretary of State has received no fresh intelligence on the subject, and the information in the possession of the Department, so far as recent events are concerned, is meagre and indefinite. Our relations with Spain continue to be of a friendly character, and none of the high officials here anticipate the slightest disturbance, so far as that country is concerned.

—It is stated that the Secretary of War is determined to secure protection to the lives of Union men in the South. He will probably declare martial law in Georgia in the neigborhoods where the murders have been committed, and where the murderers are not given up he will arrest a number of sympathizing citizens and hold them in hostage until the criminals are given up.

THE COURTS.

United States Circuit Court—Judge McCandless.

SATURDAY, May 22.—The jury in the case of W. T. Spear, assignee of Alexander McConnell vs. A. T. Black, previously reported; found for the plaintiff in the sum of $4,263.90.

Court adjourned until Monday, May 31st, when District Court business will be resumed.

District Court—Judges Hampton and Kirkpatrick.

SATURDAY, May 22.—In the cases of Sullivan vs. Reese, Graff & Dull, and Cusick vs. same defendants, in which plaintiffs were non-suited, a motion was made to take off the non-suit, and the matter will come up on the argument list.

In the matter of the petition of Joseph Walton and Peter Haberman, for a lateral railroad and a landing at terminus, Monday, May 24th, at 9 A. M., was fixed for a hearing.

A considerable amount of business of no public importance was transacted.

On motion of E. A. Montooth, Esq., the Court ordered that the session of this Court on Saturday, May 29th, commence at nine o'clock A. M., and continue one hour, in order that all parties may participate in the decoration exercises of that day.

TRIAL LIST FOR MONDAY.

88. Faas vs. Cochran.
89. Balder vs. Morrison, Coegler & Co.
92. Hastings vs. McGee.
97. Kissling vs. Gillespie.
98. Leahy vs. Nobbs.
99. Kiehl vs. Karnes.
102 Haller vs. Matthew.
82. Metz vs. Dunning.

Common Pleas—Full Bench.

SATURDAY, May 22.—Elizabeth Cemetery Association. Application for a charter. Petition presented and preliminary order made.

Margaret Jamin vs. Conrad Jamin. Application for divorce. Petition presented and subpoena awarded.

In the matter of the division of Elizabeth township a final decree, fixing boundaries, &c., was made.

TRIAL LIST FOR MONDAY.

No. 14. Harper, Gutman & Co. vs. Williams.
No. 15. Frazier Bros. vs. Coulter.
No. 16. Kuldan vs. McKnight.
No. 20. Stewart vs. Powell & Co.
No. 21. Holt vs. Starr & Emery.
No. 22. Thomas vs, Lindenfelser.
No. 25. Waring, King & Co., vs. Buffum & Kehew.
No. 27. Sloan et. ux. vs Dietrich.
No. 28. Dalzell vs. Gamble.
No. 29. Peebles vs. Peebles.
No. 30. McFarland vs. Hagan.

Quarter Sessions—Full Bench.

SATURDAY, May 22.—In the matter of the location of a public road through Chartiers, Mopn and Robinson townships, the time for making the report was extended until the first Monday in September.

A rule was granted on the Burgess and Council of the borough of Sewickley, to show cause why they should not proceed to open Lincoln avenue according to the report of the viewers, returnable Saturday next.

The election place in Reserve township was changed to the house of Michael Wagenhouser.

Morris Tropp, a prisoner in jail on a charge of assault and battery, was discharged by reason of defective commitment.

Justice Ammon, of East Birmingham, and Justice Barker, of South Pittsburgh, were appointed committing magistrates for the South Side boroughs, under an act of Assembly authorizing the Courts to appoint two magistrates in the South Side boroughs, who shall have power to commit or fine for drunkenness, disorderly conduct, &c.

MECHANICAL MEDICAL APPLIANCES.

There are certain phases of disease, and certain diseased conditions of the human system, which proceed from displacement and mal-position of some of the various organs of the human body. These are not remediable by the usual and ordinary methods used for the cure of other ailments; but require some mechanical stay or support to maintain the parts in position until they are healed. Prominent among these may be classed a displacement called hernia, or rupture, which is a protrusion of part of the bowel, and which must be returned and kept to its place by some outward support which should be properly adjusted in order to secure immunity from inconvenience and danger. The prevalence of this condition is now very common and should be attended to, immediately on its appearance, not only because of the present inconvenience which its produces, but also in consequence of the usual danger of strangulation which is rarely remedied but by a surgical operation.

Varicose veins in the legs and varicocele are other forms of structural changes which need immediate and scientific outward support, in order to afford relief or effect a cure. Each of these conditions are now as much within the pale of successful treatment as any of the other diseases to which mankind are liable.

Stooped shoulders may be cured at once by the use of my Shoulder Braces, which not only maintain the body in an erect position, but at the same time enlarge its capacity, and allow free and full expansion to the lungs, always a necessary condition to a healthy and perfect use of the pulmonary organs.

There are hundreds of females who would find great benefit from wearing these shoulder braces as they are so constructed as to take all the dragging weight from the back or spine and suspend the clothing from the shoulders. Those who use my shoulder braces need not wear suspenders, as they answer the double purpose of shoulder brace and suspenders; in fact they are the best suspenders ever invented. Sold and applied at

DR. KEYSER'S NEW MEDICINE STORE, NO. 167 LIBERTY SREET, TWO DOORS FROM ST. CLAIR. CONSULTATION ROOMS, NO. 120 PENN STREET, FROM 10 A. M. UNTIL 4 P. M. AT THE STORE FROM 4 TO 6 P. M., AND 8 TO 9 AT NIGHT.

A HOUSEHOLD ELIXIR ADAPTED TO ALL CLIMATES.

It would be a happy thing for the world if all the excitants at present used in the practice of medicine could be swept out of existence, and HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS substituted in their place. There is a probability, too, that this desirable substitution may one day be accomplished. Certain it is, that the GREAT VEGETABLE TONIC is gradually displacing them, and that the confidence of the people in its sanitary and saving properties increases with every passing year. "Figures that cannot lie" show this to be the fact. No medicinal preparation enjoys the like popularity among all classes and conditions in every section of the country. As an appetizer, a general invigorant, a remedy for indigestion, a cure for intermittent and remittent fevers, a general cathartic, a specific for flatulency and sour stomach, a gentle diuretic, a nervine, a blood depurent, a specific for sick headache, a mild anodyne, and, above all, as a PROTECTION AGAINST EPIDEMICS, it is unquestionably the STANDARD MEDICINE of the whole United States. In the towns and cities it is literally a HOUSEHOLD STAPLE. Mothers believe in it. They find it a "present help in time of trouble"—a safe and pleasant remedy for the various ailments to which their sex is exclusively subject. Men believe in it, because it refreshes and invigorates the body and mind, and tones both without exciting either.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

☞ LAY REPRESENTATION.

Addresses by Rev, Bishop Simpson and Rev. Bishop Kingsley.

CALL FOR A MEETING.

The entire Methodist Episcopal Church will soon be called upon to express its judgment on the subject of LAY REPRESENTATION. Many of our people have not given the subject the attention its merit demands. The friends of lay representation in this vicinity therefore propose to hold a meeting to aid the cause in the SMITHFIELD STREET METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH, on THIS (MONDAY,) EVENING, at seven and a half o'clock, P. M.

All the friends of the cause, as well as those who are opposed, are cordially invited to attend.

The meeting will be addressed by Rev. Bishop Simpson, Rev. Bishop Kingsley, and other distinguished speakers.

W. H. Kincaid,	Saml. B. McElroy,
Edward Heazelton,	J. Knox,
Jacob B. Hubley,	Thos. Bakewell,
John Fullerton,	Jas. L. Graham,
Jos. Shallenberger,	Joseph Walton,
Robt. McEdowney,	Jno. J. Covert,
Otis Shepard,	J. J. Dermitt,
W. B. Brickle,	David Jackson,
Wm. R. Lowe	Jacob W. Cook,
J. H. Hillerman,	Saml. M. Kier,
Wm. Moore,	James B. Mills,
Jacob H. Walters,	Wm. W. Wallace,
D. H. Fralich,	Robt. Robinson,
Wm. Freeman,	Nelson Kean,
P. H. Laufman,	Pittsburgh, Pa.,
Alex. Botes,	J. A. Riddle,
Jos. Woodwell,	James Henderson,
Alex Bradley,	Alex. Wells,
John Moorhead,	Wellsville, O
G. N. Hoffstott,	Cyrus Clarke,
Francis Sellers,	New Castle.
James Mills, Jr.,	Harvey Henderson,
R. Smythe,	Hiram Richmond,
Jos. Kerne,	Meadville.
Wm Little,	J. S. Rutan,
R. E Sellers,	Beaver.
J. B. Canfield,	Wm. F. Knox,
Dennis Leonard,	McKeesport.
Wm. McCutcheon,	Leonard Schilling,
Chas. Lowe,	Salem, O.

H. T. COFFEY,

Chairman of Committee of Arrangement.

my23

A LARGE SHIPMENT OF GRASS HOOKS,

Just received for sale at lowest market price.

W. W. KNOX,
137 Liberty street,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

my24:674-MWF

PEOPLES' SAVINGS BANK

Of Allegheny.

CAPITAL - - - - - - - $100,000

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

Bank of Discount and Deposit.

PRESIDENT—S. H. HARTMAN.
CASHIER—E. P. YOUNG.

DIRECTORS.

S. H. Hartman,	W. H. Burt,
J. P. Henderson,	J. C. Patterson,
J. Kohen,	S. F. Brown,
Samuel Dyer,	S. B. Megraw,
W. G. Gibson.	

my21:j72

ARES & CO'S.

SPRING STOCK

AT

OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & COMPANY'S.

We are receiving this week by ocean steamers from England a fresh stock of the latest and most beautiful designs in English Tapestry and Body Brussels by direct importations from the manufacturers. We invite the inspection of house furnishers, confident that we offer the largest assortment and greatest variety of elegant patterns ever brought to this market, at the lowest prices.

Great inducements are offered in all grades of Ingrains and Three Plies, it being their constant aim to offer to the multitude, the fullest assortment of cheap and serviceable Carpets at lower rates than any other house in the trade.

No. 23 FIFTH AVENUE.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PROTECTION TO HOME INDUSTRY.

The New York TRIBUNE will commence, on or about June 1st, the publication in weekly chapters of a treatise by its editor on Political Economy, designed more especially to elucidate and defend the policy of Protection to Home Industry. He expects to bring the work within the compass of twenty to twenty-five chapters of three or four columns each, and to treat the subject with such simplicity and directness that few can read these essays without at least realizing that the Protective policy is either grossly misunderstood or deliberately misrepresented by the champions of Free Trade. The public shall, at all events, realize that we, who stand for Protection, habitually read and try to comprehend our adversaries, while they ignore our writings and grossly caricature our arguments.

These essays will ultimately be printed together; but, in view of the desperate efforts of the Free Traders to forestall opinion and try to wrest a verdict from a public which has not heard the case argued, we ask the friends of Protection to aid us in giving these essays, as they originally fall from the press, a general diffusion.

The Free Trade League, organized in this city, by and in the interests of foreign manufacturers, is laboring assiduously through newspapers which it controls, and by the distribution of tracts and pamphlets, to destroy the Tariff and surrender our markets to the importers of foreign manufactured goods. Their efforts can best be counteracted by the dissemination of journals intelligently and continuously devoted to the protection of American labor and the fostering of American interests.

We shall print more than Two Hundred Thousand copies of each in our regular editions; but we hope they will receive a still wider dissemination through the formation of new clubs (which we supply at a fraction over the cost of white paper) for the WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

We believe that it will be for the interest of every establishment in the country, of whatever nature, to see to it that each workman is supplied with the TRIBUNE during the coming year. The question of Protection to Home Industry is soon to be all-absorbing, and it is of the utmost importance that every voter shall be well informed on the subject.

Whoever would have these essays from the outset must transmit their orders by the 1st of June.

THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE of June 2d will contain the first chapter.

TERMS OF THE TRIBUNE.

DAILY TRIBUNE, Mail Subscribers, $10 per annum.

SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE, Mail Subscribers, $4 per an. Five copies or over, $3 each; an extra copy will be sent for every club of ten sent for at one time.

WEEKLY TRIBUNE, Mail Subscribers, $2 per annum. 5 copies, $9; 10 copies, to one address, $1 50 each (and one extra copy); 10 copies, to names of subscribers, at one Post-Office, $1 60 each (and one extra copy); 20 copies, to one address, $1 25 each (and one extra copy); 20 copies, to names of subscribers at one Post Office, $1 35 each (and one extra copy); 50 copies, to one address, $1 each (and one extra copy); 50 copies, to names of subscribers at one Post-Office, $1 10 each (and one extra copy).

Address,

THE TRIBUNE, New York.

ADVERTISING RATES.

DAILY TRIBUNE, 25c., 30c., 40c., 60c. and $1 per line.

SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE, 25 and 50 cents per line.

WEEKLY TRIBUNE, $2, $3, and $5 per line. According to position in the paper.

Terms, cash in advance. my28:j79-MsT

NEW CARPETS.

FINE CARPETS.

CHEAP CARPETS.

OIL CLOTHS,

WINDOW SHADES.

Mattings.

BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,

21 FIFTH AVENUE.

my24:d&wT

CITIZENS NATIONAL BANK, CENTRAL TRANSPORTATION, BANK AND MINING STOCKS.

THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, May 25th, at 8 o'clock, on second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street:

16 shares Citizens National Bank.
50 shares M. & M. National Bank.
24 shares Keystone Savings Bank.
34 shares Central Transportation Sleeping Car Stock.
2,200 shares Pittsburgh Mining Co.

my22 A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WASH POPLINS.

BLUE AND WHITE
PLAID POPLINS

SCARLET AND WHITE
PLAID POPLINS

ALPACA LUSTRES,

HANDSOME COLORS.

FINE BLACK ALPACAS.

PINK BUFF AND BLUE
PERCALES.

HEAVY BLACK SILKS.

A Large Quantity of Above Goods Just Opened at Very Low Prices at

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,

No. 180 and 182 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

EXAMINE BELL'S

SILK AND POPLIN SUITS!

DRESS GOODS,

SILKS,

LACE CURTAINS,

SILK MANTLES.

my24:MWF

AT S. A. CLARKE & CO'S

NEW BOOK STORE,

119 Wood Street,

Second door below Fifth.

Will be found the best selection of

THEOLOGICAL BOOKS,

MEDICAL BOOKS,

MISCELLANEOUS AND

SABBATH SCHOOL BOOKS,

SCHOOL BOOKS,

BLANK BOOKS,

Writing Papers and Envelopes,

With a general assortment of

STAPLE AND FANCY STATIONERY,

AT LOW PRICES,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

my24-MTW

POPULAR SINGING BOOKS.

FOR THE SABBATH SCHOOL, CHURCH AND FAMILY.

NEW STANDARD SINGER. PHILIP PHILLIPS. 60 cents.

BRIGHT JEWELS. WM. BRADBURY. 35 cents.

FRESH LEAVES. F. C. O'KANE. 35 cents.

THE REVIVALIST. New edition. JOS. HILLMAN. $1.00

Liberal discount on the above.

JOSEPH HORNER,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Bookseller and Stationer,

129 Smithfield Street.

my24

KEELER'S PAT. QUICK SCALES WEIGH IN 1 SECOND. WARRANTED BEST FOR COAL ORE &C.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ALL CAN BE SUITED

IN

PRICES,

STYLES,

QUANTITIES.

LADIES' HATS,

CHILDREN'S HATS.

BONNETS,

FLOWERS

RIBBONS,

PARASOLS,

SUN UMBRELLAS, &C.,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

AT

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,

No. 180 and 182 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

READY THIS DAY.

D. APPLETON & CO.,

Nos. 90, 92, and 94, Grand Street.

I.

PRIMARY TRUTHS OF RELIGION. By Thomas M. Clark, D.D., LL.D., Bishop of the Diocese of Rhode Island. 1 volume, 12mo., 313 pp. Cloth. Price, $1.25.

II.

THE SURGEON'S DAUGHTER. By Sir Walter Scott. Being the twenty-fifth and concluding volume of a new cheap uniform edition of the Waverly Novels. Each volume illustrated and bound in an ornamented paper cover. Price, 25 cents per volume.

This edition of the Waverly Novels is uniform with our new cheap edition of the works of Charles Dickens. Price, for the entire set, mailed post free, $6. Each set accompanied with a Portrait, on steel, of Sir Walter Scott. On the receipt of $10, a complete set of Dickens' Works with a portrait, and a set of the Waverley Novels, will be sent, carriage-free.

III.

VOL. 6 OF THE LIBRARY EDITION OF THE WAVERLEY NOVELS. This is the concluding issue of the Waverly novels, the set being comprised in six volumes, issued in uniform style with the "Library Edition of Dickens." Each volume illustrated with numerous fine Steel and Wood Engravings. Bound in morocco cloth, gilt side and back. Price, $1.75 per annum, or $10.50 per set.

Either of the above sent free by mail to any address on receipt of the price my23:j78

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER, ALLEGHENY CITY, PA., May 15th, 1869.

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN

TO ALL PROPERTY HOLDERS

IN THE

CITY OF ALLEGHENY,

That on and after the 20th DAY OF MAY, 1869, the act of Assembly providing for the registry of lots in the City of Allegheny, of which the 3d and 4th sections are hereunto appended, will be enforced:

SECTION 3. To enable the Engineer to keep up the books of said plans, it shall be the duty of all parties acquiring real estate by purchase, will, descent, partition or otherwise to make report to him of such conveyance or transfer, with the precise dimensions and locality of the premises and so doing the same shall be received without charge and noted on the deed or title paper by the City Engineer or his assistant, but if the said party or parties acquiring real estate as aforesaid shall omit or neglect said duty, they shall be subject to such fine or fines as hereinafter set forth and provided for in Section 4th of this Act; and the Recorder of Deeds of said county of Allegheny shall not admit the deed of conveyance to record in his office, and any Recorder of Deeds who shall admit to record any deed of conveyance of a lot or part of lot within the city of Allegheny, which has not been registered, shall for each offence be subject to a fine of five dollars, to be recovered by summary conviction or by penal action in the name of the City of Allegheny, before the Mayor or any Alderman of said city, and shall be liable to indictment for misdemeanor in office.

SECTION 4. It shall be the duty of all owners of houses and lots to furnish forthwith descriptions of their property to the Engineer to aid him in making up his Books of Plans; and whensoever such descriptions shall have been so furnished and the certificate of the Engineer or his assistant, shall be received, no property so returned shall be subject to sale for taxes or other municipal claims, thereafter to accrue as a lien of record thereon, except in the name of the owners as returned and after recovery by suit and service of the writ on him made as in case of a summons.

And on and after that date all deeds or title papers pertaining to property within said limits must be presented at this office for registry as by law required.

CHAS. DAVIS,
City Engineer.

my15:j86

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, May 21, 1869.

NOTICE.—The Assessment for grading and paving Smaliman alley, from Hazel to Clark streets, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until TUESDAY, June 1st, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.

H. J. MOORE,
CITY ENGINEER.

my21:j66

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, May 21, 1869.

NOTICE.—The Assessment for the Boardwalk on Fifth avenue, from Brady street to Murphy street, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until TUESDAY, June 1st, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection

H. J. MOORE.
City Engineer.

my21:j65

INSTALLMENT NOTICE.—The Stockholders of the Mercantile Library Hall Company are hereby notified that the fifth installment, THREE DOLLARS per share, has been this day called payable on or before May 15th, 1869, at the office of N. Holmes & Sons, 57 Market street.

By order of the Board.

JAMES H. WRIGHT, Treasurer.

Pittsburgh, May 4, 1869. my8:j99

JOSEPH TORRENS,

MANUFACTURER OF

WINDOW GLASS.

Warehouse—No. 27 WOOD STREET,

mh10:d Pittsburgh

NOTICES.

☞ NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Chartiers Valley Railway Letting.

PROPOSALS will be received at the office of the undersigned at Steubenville, Ohio, until SATURDAY, MAY 29th, 1869, for the grading, bridging and ballasting of 14 miles of the Chartiers Valley Railway, between Mansfield and Canonsburgh. Map, profile and statement of quantities can be seen, and detailed information will be given at the Engineer's Office, in Steubenville, after Saturday, 15th inst.

M. J. BECKER,
STEUBENVILLE, May 10, 1869. Engineer.

my12

☞ PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY,
TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT,
PHILADELPHIA, May 3d, 1869.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on the capital stock of the Company, clear of National and State taxes, payable in cash on and after May 30, 1869.

Blank powers of attorney for collecting dividends can be had at the office of the Company, No. 238 S. Third street.

The office will be opened at 8 A. M. and closed at 4 P. M. from May 30 to June 5, for the payment of dividends, and after that date from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

THOMAS T. FIRTH, Treasurer.

NOTE.—The Third Instalment on New Stock of 1868 is due and payable on or before June 15.

my8:j98

☞ PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD CO.
TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT,
PHILADELPHIA, PA., April 2, 1869.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.

All Stockholders, as registered on the Books of this Company on the 30th day of April, 1869, will be entitled to subscribe for TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT. of their respective interests in New Stock, at par, as follows:

First. Fifty per cent. at the time of subscription, between the 15th day of May, 1869, and the 30th day or June, 1869.

Second. Fifty per cent. between the 15th day of November, 1869, and the 31st day of December, 1869; or, if Stockholders should prefer, the whole amount may be paid up at the time of subscription, and each instalment so paid up shall be entitled to a pro rata of the Dividend that may be declared on full shares.

Third. That every Stockholder holding less than four shares, shall be entitled to subscribe for one share; and those holding more than a multiple of four shares shall be entitled to subscribe for an additional share.

Fourth. All shares upon which instalments are yet to be paid under Resolution of May 13, 1868, will be entitled to their allotment of the Twenty-five per cent. at par, as though they were paid in full.

my8:j98 THOMAS T. FIRTH, Treasurer.

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE, TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT.

COLLECTOR'S NOTICE.

OFFICE COLLECTOR INTERNAL REVENUE, 23d Collection District of Pennsylvania, No. 67 Water St., Allegheny City, May 18, '69.

Notice is hereby given that the annual lists of SPECIAL TAXES, formerly termed LICENSES, and of the taxes on

Incomes, Carriages, Watches, Silver Plate,

&c., are now in this office, where payment will be received thereon by the Collector on and after the 1st DAY OF JUNE, 1869.

These taxes, having become due, must be paid before the 25th DAY OF JUNE, 1869; otherwise, additional expenses will be incurred by the tax-payer.

E. BUFFINGTON, Esq., Deputy Collector of the county of Armstrong, and EDWIN LYON, Esq., Deputy Collector for the county of Butler, will be ready to receive, after the 1st of June, for their respective counties, and will post notices designating the times and places, when and where they will be prepared to receive the taxes collectable by them.

Taxes payable only in greenbacks or national currency.

Office hours from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

JOHN M. SULLIVAN,

my18:j51 COLLECTOR.

C. G. HAMMER & SONS

(Late of the firm of Hammer & Dauler,)

At their new establishment, No. 48 SEVENTH AVENUE, have a large stock of elegant and fashionable

PARLOR,

LIBRARY & BEDROOM FURNITURE

AT VERY REASONABLE PRICES.

We have erected a large Factory, and are prepared to fill all orders on shortest notice. We flatter ourselves of always having made good work, and it will always be our endeavor to continue, having a large number of experienced workmen, and a foreman of 26 years experience at the trade to superintend all work before leaving the Factory. We use no machinery; all our work is made by hand, and for durability and elegance it cannot be excelled.

my8:j1 C. G. HAMMER & SONS.

WOOD TURNING,

SCROLL SAWING,

AND MOULDING

Done promptly to order at 161 Lacock street, Allegheny City, by

P. LEBZELTER & CO.

The best attention will be given to all who want anything in our line. We always keep a large lot of turned work, such as Balusters, Newl Posts, Hubs, &c. Also, a good stock of dry Walnut, Cherry and other lumber on hand.

my11:j7 P. LEBZELTER & CO.

FEDERAL OIL COMPANY.—

In pursuance of an order from the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, the Directors of the FEDERAL OIL COMPANY have this day declared a dividend of TEN CENTS per share, payable forthwith to the legal holders of stock in said company, on return to the Secretary of certificates or other evidence of ownership.

All parties are hereby notified that dividends, unclaimed for a period of six months, will be disposed of according to law.

By order of the Board.

A. B. MILLS, Secretary.

Office, Duquesne Way, 3 doors below Ninth St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Pittsburgh, April 28, 1869. ap29:127

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE, ALLEGHENY CITY, PA., May 17, 1869.

NOTICE.—The Assessments for Grading and Paving of

WARD ALLEY,

From Allegheny avenue to Sedgwick street, are now ready for examination, and can be seen at the office of the City Engineer until MAY 25th, 1869, when they will be placed in the hands of the City Treasurer for collection.

CHARLES DAVIS,
City Engineer.

my18:j53

SUBURBAN DWELLING HOUSE FOR RENT.—A good Two Story Brick Dwelling House of hall, five rooms and cellar, two porches, two cemented cisterns and a well of water, fruit and shade trees, shrubbery, a frame stable, &c., in a healthy and agreeable location on Mt. Washington; a fine view of the cities, rivers and surrounding country. Immediate possession. Apply to

S. CUTHBERT & SONS,
my21 39 Sixth Avenue.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, PITTSBURGH, May 22, 1869.

NOTICE.—The Assessment for the Boardwalk on Pearl street, from Main to Laurel street, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until WEDNESDAY, June, 2d, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.

H. J. MOORE,
my22 City Engineer.

☞ NOTICES—"To Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES each will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line FIFTY CENTS.

WANTED---HELP.

WANTED—HELP.—AT EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, No. 1 St. Clair Street, BOYS GIRLS and MEN, for different kinds of employment. Persons wanting help of all kinds can be supplied on short notice.

WANTED---AGENTS.

WANTED.—AGENTS.—$75 to $200 per month everywhere, male and female, to introduce the GENUINE IMPROVED COMMON SENSE FAMILY SEWING MACHINE. This machine will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, quilt, cord, bind, braid and embroider, in a most superior manner. Price only $18. Fully warranted for five years. We will pay $1,000 for any machine that will sew a stronger, more beautiful, or more elastic seam than ours. It makes the "Elastic Lock stitch." Every second stitch can be cut, and still the cloth can not be pulled apart without tearing it. We pay agents from $75 to $200 per month and expenses, or a commission from which twice that amount can be made. Address SECOMB & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa., St. Louis, Mo., or Boston, Mass.

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Stands at the head of all reed instruments. In producing the most perfect pipe quality of tone of any similar instrument in the United States. It is simple and compact in construction, and not liable to get out of order.
CARPENTER'S PATENT "VOX HUMANA TREMOLO" is only to be found in this Organ. Price from $100 to $550. All guaranteed for five years.

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my13:j25

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, May 22, 1869.

The activity and excitement in Wall street, which has prevailed with scarcely an interruption since Monday, was succeeded by a perfect calm in all departments this afternoon. There was an entire absence of sensational or exciting rumors, and the leading "bulls" and "bears" left the street at an early hour, after an exhaustive struggle. The New York Central transfer books are now open at the office of Duncan, Sherman & Co. The Fort Wayne and Pennsylvania Central Directors adjourned to-day without concluding pending negotiations, but meet again next week to arrange details. The whole thing is regarded as really fixed.

Money easier, with increased offerings. The early transactions were 7 on call, but at the close money was offered at 6 per cent.; discounts dull. The Bank statement is favorable; increase of $22,420 in deposits against an increase of $785,055 in loans, and $1,356,948 in legal tenders. This may be explained by the fact that payments into the Treasury on account of gold were made in National notes, while disbursements on purchases of bonds were made in legal-tenders. The payments on account of interest were $1,526,253, and the receipts for customs were $1.927,000. Sterling is dull at 9⅛@9¼.

Gold opened at 141 and fell to 140½, rose to 141⅝ and fell to 141, and closed at 141¾@141½, closing strong; carrying rates 8@4.

The stock market during the morning was excited and generally firmer. The Vanderbilt stocks were the chief interest upon rumors as to a basis of consolidation of the respective roads, and stock dividends to be made in connection therewith. Hudson bought freely at 163@164¼, and Harlem at 151¾. Much excitement in Fort Wayne under which prices advanced from 154¼ to 159 in the afternoon. Market generally dull and steady, the only marked exception being Pacific Mail, which fell from 88½ ex-dividend, to 85½.

Government bonds dull but steady; Coupons '81, 122½@123; do. '62, 122¾@123; do. '64, 117@117¾; do. '65, 119@119½; do. new, 120@120½; do. '67, 120@120½; do. '68, 120@120¼; 10-40's, 109⅜@109⅝; Pacifics 107½@107¾.

State bonds are firm; Missouris. 88¾@89; old Tennessees, 68¾@69; new do., 66¼@66½; new North Carolinas, 54¾@55; new Virginias, 62½@63.

5-30 *Prices* — Cumberland, 30@30¼; Wells Express, 33@33½; American, 40@40¼; Adams, 60@61; United States, 66@66½; Merchants Union, 15@15½; Quicksilver, 20¼@20½; Canton, 62⅝@63½; Pacific Mail, 86@86¾; Western Union Telegraph, 43¾@43⅞; Mariposa, 23¾@23¾; do. preferred, 49¾@50; N. Y. Central, 192½@192¾; Erie, 28⅝@28¾; do. preferred, 51; Hudson, 163¼@163½; Harlem, 151½@151¾; Reading, 98⅞@99; Terre Haute, 39¼@40; do. preferred, 72¼@72½; Wabash, 76¼@76½; St. Paul, 76⅝@76¾; do. preferred, 86¼@86½; Fort Wayne, 158½@158¼; Ohio & Mississippi, 35¾@36; Michigan Central, 123@130; Michigan Southern, 106½@106¾; Illinois Central, 145½; Pittsburgh, 94¼@94⅝; Lake Shore, 106½@106¾; Rock Island, 126¾@126⅞; Northwestern, 115⅝@115¾; do. preferred 104¼@104¾; St. Joseph, 118¼; do. preferred, 117.

Mining shares dull.

Coppers at Boston—Copper Falls, 8½; Franklin, 18½; Hecla, 85; Hancock, 4; Quincy, 29.

The imports since January 1st have been $128,833,788, against $7,492,405 in 1868, and $103,655,187 in 1867. Exports of produce since January 1st, $64,063,954 against $66,148,245 in 1868, and $79,138,620 in 1867. Exports of specie since January 1st, $12,194,861, against $12,901,843 in 1868, and $16,714,508 in 1867.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, May 22, 1869.

The general markets are dull and somewhat neglected, the demand for almost everything being light and restricted mainly to supplying immediate wants, while in regard to values, there are no important changes, with the exception that prices generally are tending downward. The stringency in money matters tends to check anything of a speculative character, and buyers generally are inclined to buy just as little as possible, not being disposed to carry any more stock than they can possibly help.

APPLES—Almost out of season, and prices are nominal at $5@7 per bbl.

APPLE BUTTER—Sales at 1@$1,10.

BUTTER—Is in good supply and dull but unchanged; sales of prime to choice at 28@30.

BEANS—Dull at $2,25@2,75.

CARBON OIL—Is quoted in a jobbing way at 29@30.

CORNMEAL—$1,50@1,75 per cwt.

CHEESE—Coming in more freely but unchanged. Sales of new Western Reserve at 18@20, as to quality.

DRIED FRUIT—Apples scarce and in demand, and we continue to quote at 13@15. Peaches, 14 for quarters and 18 for prime halves.

EGGS—A shade stronger, and we now quote at 17@18.

FEATHERS—Quoted at 80 cts, to the trade, and the usual advance for small lots in store.

FLOUR—Is firmer with a steady local demand, but prices are unchanged—Sales in store, at $6,50@7,25, for Spring Wheat brands and $7,50@8, for Winter Wheat. Rye Flour, $6,75@7. Receipts liberal and supply fully up to the demand.

GRAIN—Wheat is quiet and prime Red is nominal, at $1,50; no demand for Spring Wheat in this market. Oats dull but unchanged; 67@68, to arrive, buyers furnishing sacks; 70@72 on track, and 75 in store. Ear Corn is scarce and prime Yellow may be quoted at 80 on wharf, and 85@90 in store. Shelled 75@80, as to quality. Rye is very dull and nominal, at $1,30@1,35. Prime Spring Barley, $1,75.

HAY—Baled is in good supply and very dull; sales on wharf, at $25@27, for good to prime.

HUSKS—Sales corn husks at 3½.

HEMP—Sales at $215.

HOMINY—$5,75@6 per bbl.

LARD OIL—Is quoted at $1,20 for No. 2, and $1,50@1,52 for No. 1.

LIME—Cleveland Lime is quoted at $2 50, per bbl, and Common White at $1,75.

MAPLE SYRUP—Sales in gallon jugs at $1,50.

POTATOES—In limited supply but unchanged; sales in store at 50@55 per bushel.

PEANUTS—Held at 12c.

PROVISIONS—Steady with regular jobbing sales at 13¾ for Shoulders; 16¼ for Ribbed, and 17¾ for Clear Sides; Plain Hams, 17¾; Canvassed Sugar Cured Hams 19¾@20. Lard, 19 in tierces and 19¼@20 in half bbls kegs, and pails. Plain dry Beef 20¼; Canvassed do. 21@21¼. Mess Pork $32@32¼.

SEEDS—Sales of Clover Seed at $9; no Timothy or Flaxseed in this market worth speaking of.

SALT—May be quoted at $1,83@1,85 by the car load, and $1,95@2 for small lots in store.

TALLOW—Is quoted at 10¼@10⅝, for rendered, and dull.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, May 22, 1869.

REVIEW FOR THE WEEK.

There has been considerable excitement in the oil market during the week which has just closed, and compared with last week prices of both Crude and Refined are lower. The sales, however, fall below those of last week, which may be accounted for in the fact that buyers generally are holding off in expectation of Crude going lower, and as a general thing refiners are not disposed to sell refined until they have first bought the crude. While the indications point very forcibly to lower figures for crude, it responds very slowly, and while refined, particularly for future deliveries, has declined materially, crude has not dropped over three-quarters of a cent during the week. It is but proper to remark, however, that the demand is very light, and the great proportion of the sales reported were purchases to cover short sales on settlements, and, as already intimated, refiners are holding off in anticipation of still further decline.

Since the date of our last weekly review a number of refineries have resumed operations and it is expected that the number will be still further increased next week. The reduction in freights has infused new life and animation into the business, and upon the whole the market presents a more hopeful and healthy appearance than it has for several months. As will be seen, the shipments east were much larger than for any preceding week for some time, and it is probable that the exports next week will be larger than during the one which has just closed. There are still some drawbacks in the way, but these will doubtless soon be obviated and there is no good reason to believe why Pittsburgh should not continue to be the great oil manufacturing centre of this country. Another noticeable and very important feature apparent, is a determination on the part of both manufacturers and dealers to discountenance anything of a wild and speculative character, to adhere as closely as possible to a legitimate business, to discourage "selling short" and "buying long," that is when it assumes the proportions it did last winter, and to operate more in *oil* and less in *paper contracts.*

CRUDE.

The Crude market is quiet and without important change, though, as already intimated, the tendency is downward. Sales of 1,000 bbls spot (40 to 45) at 13¾; 1,000 June, seller, at 13¾; 2.000 buyer until November, at 16; 80, at 13¼; 130, at 13¾, bbls to be returned: also 1,000, at $5,30; on cars at Venango City.

REFINED.

There was a fair volume of business in Refined, the sales being rather larger than usual in the aggregate; but prices, compared with yesterday, are lower. Sales of 500 May, at 31½; 1,000 do, at 31¾; 500 June and July, at 31⅞; 500 July and August, at 32½; 1,000 each June and July, at 32; 500 each, same months, at 31¾; 500 August to September, at 33, and 500 September, at 33. October to December nominal, at 33¼@33½.

RECAPITULATION.

Recipts of Crude this week, 9,323 bbls; last week, 9,216. Exports Refined this week, 10,894; last week, 8,646; from January 1st to date, 139,138; same time last year, 140,637. Sales this week, 71,100: last week, 102,400.

LUBRICATING OILS.

Eclipse Winter Lubricating oil.....	40c
Eclipse Railroad Axle.....	35c
Eclipse Machinery.....	75c
Eclipse Spindle.....	80c

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

Lockhart, Frew & Co. 261 bbls to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

McKelvy & Bro., 276 bbls refined to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

J. C. Kirkpatrick, & Co. 168 bbls ref. to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Total shipments Refined.....	705

OIL SHIPPED EAST FROM DUQUESNE DEPOT.

Duncan & Williams, 169 bbls refined to W. P. Logan & Bro.. Philadelphia.

Hutchison Oil & Refined Co., 603 bbls ref. to Warden, Frew & Co., Phila.

Total shipments Refined.....	772

MILWAUKEE, May 22.—Flour dull and unchanged; choice Wisconsin and Iowa at $5,37@5,75. Wheat firm at $1,18¼ for No. 1, and $1,15¼ for No. 2. Oats dull and nominal at 59c for No. 2. Corn quiet and steady at 59@60c for new. Rye dull and nominal. Freights firmer; wheat to Buffalo at 5½c, and to Oswego 10¼@11c. Receipts: 3,000 bbls flour, 57,000 bus wheat. Shipments: 7,000 bbls flour, 624,000 bus wheat, 11,000 bus oats.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

The First Night in a Boarding House.

Young men in the country who are longing to leave their quiet homes for the excitement of city life, and who imagine that they would be perfectly happy in the freedom of a boarding house, away from the restraints of their relatives, will do well to read the following graphic sketch which has been handed to us, entitled "My First Night in a Boarding House:"

I had just come from home—not a house where I ate and slept—but a *home* in the fullest meaning of the good old English word, and the city was new to me. But business called me away, and to the city I came. We must eat and sleep, and I must find a place for doing so. One good woman's house was full; another landlady—her tongue sharper, if possible, than her nose, didn't "wan't any strangers," and so the aggravation grew, until I found a large boarding house, occupied mostly by young men, on the noisiest street in town. The buxom keeper of the house told me that one hundred clerks lived there, and would find it very pleasant. "Lived," she said. That set me to thinking. Living is from the same root as loving. Love is necessary to real life. Whom do the young men love—anybody? Perhaps only a *thing*, a habit, an amusement, a saloon, or some worse place. Do they *live* here? I asked myself.

But I must eat, so I will stay. Supper is ready. A battery of two hundred critical eyes is not very inviting to a lonely man, and surely so, if not one glance is a kindly one. But supper is over, and now where shall I go? The large sitting-room is filled with smokers and the vile old pipes drive me away. Up, up winding stairs I go, and the only vacant room is on the fourth floor, with no stove and no fire. It is too cold to stay here, and I will go to the office of a friend, who comes down town evenings to escape the miseries of his boarding place. I knock at his door. No reply. But there is the light of a fire in there. Can't I get in? No. No key, no sign of life, except the flickering of the fire-light, and the gnawing of the mouse in the partition, trying to get in. Ah, if I was a mouse I could get in, and I wouldn't wait so long in vain for some one to come. But he doesn't come, and I pace up and down the hall, waiting, listening, but no footfall nor snatch of song meets my eager ear. I will go over to the Young Men's Library Rooms. "Only for the benefit of members" is the burden of the placards. But I will look here for my friend. He isn't in the magazine-room, nor in the news-room, nor in any of the alcoves. But I musn't sit down, for the clerk is looking at me closely. So down the stairs I go and play the sentinel again before the office door. But why be sentinel? There is no one to watch. The room is empty and dark,—but for the mockery of that fitful flickering of a dying fire.

Well, I will go to the Christian Association Reading-rooms. Up LaSalle street, and a woman is running along alone, who disappears in the dark alley. The policeman follows her with his eye till she is out of sight. Alone, poor thing? So am I alone, and these dim lamps make this Merchants' Insurance building, and this Chamber of Commerce, look like so many grim jails, for the full moon is just rising, to cast dark, heavy shadows in the heaven-high walled streets. Up the long stairs, and the Library-rooms are dark, and dusty, and cold. The street lamps throw in a light, and show them open and deserted. A young man in the hall says the library is moved and won't be open for two weeks. "It is in Alcove alley." he says, "and why so called I can't conceive, for it is the confoundedest dirtiest place the Lord ever made," and the coarse laugh that follows his savage retort makes the two girls that have just come up and greeted him seem loathsome and repulsive. Ah! there's no home here. Back again through the deserted streets; but my friend is not in his office. He won't come to-night, and to my cheerless room I must go, in spite of all my dread.

The street lights reveal no lamp in the room, but here in the corner is an old brass candlestick with a tallow dip, and in the generous tray a handful of matches. The shades of a house-light obsolete years and years ago, are called upon to furnish light, and by the dim shining—not of a fiery eye of flame—but of a pale, sickly, tallowy glimmering, I can scan this sleeping room. The wall paper is black with smoke and age, the ceiling once whitewashed, has long ago forgotten "the day with the white stone;" the carpet so faded and thin, so dirty and worn, is shrinking from sight; the bedstead, a relic of the second hand auction store; the paint on the sash was long ago scrubbed away; the bed is musty and lumpy, and even the looking-glass is cross-eyed, and distorts more and more my homesick face; and the candle-stick—that was the straw that broke the camel's back! That was too much to stand! That unmanned me, and I took out the little Testament and read a little of the Sermon on the Mount, and cried—cried, because I was lost in a great city, where I couldn't find a single heart that seemed to care for the sorrow of loneliness.

And the bed was worse than sleeping in the woods in the army; the clothing so old, that it had grown thin but not light, and the coverlids fell like sheets of lead about me, while the mattress was damp and clammy. It is enough! No sleep that night. The Court House bell found me awake to hear the striking of the funeral of the long-night hours, and the roar and jingle of the horse cars kept me listening for a reprieve until midnight, while the rattling of the baggage wagons over the cobble-stones, and the coarse bawling of their drivers, sounded like inhuman torture in the early dawn.

Oh lap of luxury! will you not pour out a Young Man's *Home*, with warmed and lighted rooms, separate ones for new comers, with library and music and bath, and a good genial motherly soul to welcome in strange faces that miss a *home* in this great city?

Go away from home one night to a public boarding house, and then see how wide hell yawns at every warm and well-lighted saloon, and dance-house, and gambling hall, and see how wise the devil is, and how thoughtful some Christians might be.—*Chicago Eve. Post.*

FRUIT GROWERS in Maine will, by a law passed by the last Legislature, be protected from fruit thieves. The law is a fine of twenty dollars and thirty days' imprisonment. The owner has the power to arrest such trespassers.

The Failure of Schepeler & Co.

Wall-street has been without a sensation for the last two or three months. A dismal quiet had settled down on the street since the frost had abated. A haze of calm but perfect bliss has hung over the stone edifices of the nest of bankers and money brokers for some time past, and yesterday the placid surface of security had a splash, and the lake of placidity was convulsed. The smash was among the houses doing a foreign exchange and commission business, and particularly among those who dabble in petroleum. The house of Schepeler & Co., whose place of business is at No. 52 Exchange Place, came down with a heavy crash. The most incredible rumors were afloat. Some said that the house had gone under for $10,000,000. Some laid the failure at $1,000,000; others $500,000, and various other sums were named from $50,000 to 5,000,000. But to all it was certain that this formerly respectable and always well-known firm had gone to the dogs, to speak financially. The Merchants' News-room, at No. 52 Pine street, where the greasy petroleum men and naval stores people do most congregate, was a scene of boiling excitement from noon yesterday until dark. Petroleum men came in with their hats jammed away back on their heads, and after looking a moment at the black-board with its chalk hieroglyphics, would rush out to convey, in acute sentences, the news that somebody in Antwerp, or Hamburg, or Frankfort, or Havre, would have to burst or take in sail. From Broad street to William, in Exchange Place, there was a perfect jam of people, all men doing business on the street, who were, in addition to the Davis & Aiken embezzlement, all very much bothered; nay, many were in great agony about the failure of the house of Schepeler. It was expected that half a dozen other well known firms, who had large business transactions with Schepeler & Co., would also be necessitated to burst or smash up; but at three o'clock yesterday the most of the suspected houses had satisfied all claims against them, and those who did not appear with clean paper were of small account, and it was therefore improbable that their influence could be felt among houses doing a heavy business. It was believed at one time that they were short on their gold contracts for as large a sum as eight millions of dollars. The cause of the failure of Schepeler & Co. is said to arise from the fact that some time since they made contracts with different parties in the street to furnish gold to the amount of ten millions of dollars at a certain price, and that since these contracts were made gold advanced so rapidly (as much as 8 per cent.) that the firm found it impossible to keep their contracts, and consequently the failure. The firm did a general commission business, and also speculated more heavily than was generally known in gold. It was also believed that this firm were short on Government bonds, and that they were involved to large sums in bills of exchange on foreign houses. A number of these bills have been sold here on the market, and they will have to be returned, and will have to be covered by specie shipments or by other bills or first-class houses. The gold market was very much affected by the failure, and at first the failure sent crowds to buy in the gold market; but after the alarm had decreased a little, matters assumed a steadier aspect, and the brokers and buyers began to breathe more freely, and gold fell slightly. It will be impossible for a few days to get a correct statement of the liabilities of Schepeler & Co., but they are credited as high as $10,000,000 and as low as $1,000,000. At all events, Wall street had a great cause yesterday for gossip, and the clubs last night had a sensation of the first water to talk about.—*N. Y. World* 18th.

The Bob-o'link.

The Boston *Post* says: The Bob-o'link was due in this latitude on Tuesday, the 11th. He did not make his appearance until Sunday—tipsy with his rollicking music, that made one think the air was a vast bird cage. Wednesday's weather must have been the cause of his delay. He had an eye out to what was coming, and refused to come himself. As his wife is a notoriously dilatory body on her journey, it was no great "put-out" to him, for he could have a few days longer to perfect his killing little suit of motley. He might have thought the season gone by, had he landed in the meadows on Wednesday, and gone off to other latitudes. But on Sunday he burst forth with the whole volume of his indescribable song; rattling, crazy, tinkling, shivering, liquid melodies, that on a sudden set the brain of the listner to spinning with a confusion of delightful sounds and freshborn sympathies. The bob-o'link is here. The air resounds with his resistless song. Men become boys on hearing that riotous vocalism from their little friend of other days. And the charmingly gay rascal himself, seeing the tumult of emotions he has excited, chatters his musical recitative with a new glee, and breaks away with a fillip of melody ending with—"Good bye—I'm off."

Negro Testimony.

Negro testimony is right in principle. It is demanded by common sense. No arguments against it can meet the arguments in favor of it. It is needed by the black man; it is needed still more by the white man. We hear nothing in opposition to it except a considerable amount of feeble talk about "entering-wedges" and "stepping-stones." Until we legalize it we shall be cursed with negro superiority in regard to one of the greatest and most sacred prerogatives of American citizenship. Was the brand set by the Lord upon the brow of Cain, a white brand?—*Louisville (Ky.,) Courier Journal.*

THE care taken of the remains of the soldiers who fell during the rebellion in the United States, has recently been cited with high commendation in England. The visit of the Prince of Wales to the Crimea has revealed the fact that the graves of the English soldiers are in a shamefully neglected condition, and that the unburied bodies of many others are "lying broadcast over the land." The remains of the French and Russians have been collected in carefully tended cemeteries, but no more regard is paid to the dead English soldiers than if they were so many buildings. The English newspapers are drawing unfavorable comparisons between the conduct of the English and the United States Governments, and insist that even at this late day the bodies of the English soldiers should be collected in one large cemetery, and that head boards and other means of identification should be placed over the graves. If the English Government refuses to undertake the work, the English people are urged to raise, by private subscription, the necessary funds for removing the "national disgrace."

INSURANCE.

NATIONAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF THE

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Chartered by Special Act of Congress, Approved July 25, 1868.

Cash Capital - - - $1,000,000.

PAID IN FULL.

BRANCH OFFICE:

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING,

PHILADELPHIA.

Where the general business of the Company is transacted, and to which all general correspondence should be addressed.

OFFICERS.

CLARENCE H. CLARK, President.
JAY COOKE, Chairman Finance and Executive Committee.
HENRY D. COOKE, Vice President.
EMERSON W. PEET, Secretary and Actuary.

This Company offers the following advantages:
It is a National Company, chartered by special act of Congress, 1868:
It has a paid-up capital of $1,000,000.
It offers low rates of premium.
It furnishes larger insurance than other companies for the same money.
It is definite and certain in its terms.
Its policies are exempt from attachment.
There are no unnecessary restrictions in the policies.
Every policy is non-forfeitable.
Policies may be taken which pay to the insured their full amount, and return all the premiums, so that the insurance costs only the interest on the annual payments.
Policies may be taken that will pay to the insured, after a certain number of years, during life, an annual income of one-tenth the amount named in the policy.
No extra rate is charged for risks upon the lives of females.
It insures, not to pay dividends to policy-holders, but at so low a cost that dividends will be impossible.
Circulars, Pamphlets, and full particulars given on application to the Branch office of the Company, or to

E. W. CLARK & CO., Philadelphia, General Agents for Pennsylvania and Southern New Jersey.
JAY COOKE & CO., Washington, D. C., For Maryland, Delaware, Virginia, District of Columbia and West Virginia.
IRA B. McVAY & CO., Agents for Allegheny, Beaver, Butler, Mercer and Washington counties.

☞LOCAL AGENTS ARE WANTED in every City and Town; and applications from competent parties for such agencies with suitable endorsement, should be addressed To THE COMPANY'S GENERAL AGENTS ONLY, in their respective districts. mh26:MW&F

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE OF THE CENTRAL BOARD OF EDUCATION, PITTSBURGH, May 20, 1869.

SEALED PROPOSALS, for the Masonry of the foundation walls of the High School Building will be received until 12 M., JUNE 2d. Bidders will state the price per perch of superficial for the cut stone work, and the price per cubic foot for rubble work. They will also state the whole amount for which they will do the work.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of BARR & ROSER. Proposals to be left at the office of the Central Board, corner of Wood street and Sixth avenue.

Bidders will be required to accompany their bids with a specimen of the stone proposed to be used for the cut work.

Bids will also be received for the excavation.

By order of the Building Committee.

my20:j31 JOHN A. SERGEANT, Sec'y.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAS COMPANY, PITTSBURGH, May 15, 1869.

PROPOSALS FOR

COAL, SLACK AND LIME.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the office of the PITTSBURGH GAS COMPANY until WEDNESDAY, May 26th, for the delivery of 500,000 bush of good Bituminous Coal;
110,000 bush of good merchantable Nut Coal and Slack,
15,000 bush of good Lime,
in the stores of the Company, on their works. All to be of such quality and delivered in such quantities and at such times as may be approved and directed by the Engineer of the Works. Payments to be made monthly, retaining ten (10) per cent. in the hands of the Gas Company until the completion of the contract.

Any information that may be required will be furnished by the Engineer at the Works.

Proposals to be addressed to the President of the Pittsburgh Gas Company, endorsed "Proposals for coal, slack or lime," as the case may be.

JAMES THOMSON, Engineer.

my17:j31

OFFICE OF CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY CO., Pa., Pittsburgh, May 17, 1869.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until the 31st inst. inclusive for the erection of a new Bridge over Plum Creek, on the Leechburg road, on the line between Penn and Plum townships, on the farm of Wm. Bright.

ALSO, for the erection of a new bridge over Crooked Run, in Versailles township, where the State Road leading from Canonsburg to the Greensburg Turnpike crosses said Run.

ALSO, for the erection of a new Bridge over Little Deer Creek, on the road leading from Harmarville to W. V. Connell's mill, in Indiana township.

ALSO, for the erection of a new wooden structure, excepting the plank, at the bridge over Deer Creek, on the road leading from the Three Degree Road to the Kittanning road in West Deer township.

Plans and specifications can be seen on application.

By direction of the County Commissioners.

HENRY LAMBERT, Controller.

my18:j49-d&T2

OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY, PA., PITTSBURGH, May 21, 1869.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until the 31st inst. for the erection of a new wooden structure at the bridge over Turtle Creek, near Brinton's station, on the road leading from borough of Braddock to the Greensburg turnpike, in Wilkins and Versailles townships.

Plans and specifications can be seen on application.

By direction of County Commissioners.

HENRY LAMBERT, Controller.

my22:163 d&T1

REFINED

FAMILY LARD,

PACKED BY

PROCTER & GAMBLE,

CINCINNATI.

Ask your Grocer for our brand of Lard in these Packages.

Packed in 3, 5, and 10 pound Caddies, 60 pound Cases for shipment. Cheapest mode for selling Lard. Send for Price List.

SOLD BY

ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.,

PITTSBURGH.

And Grocers and Dealers Generally.

ap23:L93

POLITICAL.

STATE SENATOR.

☞FOR SENATE,

GEORGE WILSON

Will be a candidate for State Senator, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. my4

☞FOR SENATOR,

SAMUEL B. CLULEY

Will be a candidate for State Senator, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. my5

☞FOR SENATOR.

GEO. H. ANDERSON

Will be a candidate for State Senator, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. my5

☞FOR SENATOR.

THOMAS HOWARD

Will be a candidate for State Senator, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention my5

ASSEMBLY.

☞ASSEMBLY.

DAVID L. SMITH,

Of Allegheny City, will be a candidate for Assembly, subject to the decision of the Republican Convention. my21

☞FOR THE ASSEMBLY,

ALEXANDER MILLAR,

Of McKeesport, subject to the decision of the Republican Legislative Convention. my20:j68

☞FOR ASSEMBLY. — The NAME OF

GEO. H. HOLTZMAN,

Of Ross township, will be presented in the Republican Legislative Convention, June 1st, ensuing, for nomination to represent Allegheny county in the next session of the Legislature. my20

SHERIFF.

☞FOR SHERIFF,

WILLIAM G. STUBBS,

Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention my11-d&T

☞FOR SHERIFF.

I respectfully announce myself a candidate for SHERIFF, subject to the usages of the Republican party; and if successful pledge myself to devote all my energy to an honorable and faithful discharge of the duties of the office.

ap13:d&F H. S. FLEMING.

☞FOR SHERIFF,

JOHN H. HARE,

Of Pittsburgh, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention.

ap28-D&F

☞FOR SHERIFF.

I would respectfully announce to the citizens of Allegheny county that I will be a candidate for the office of SHERIFF, subject to the decision of the next ensuing Union Republican County Convention.

FRANK DUFF, Ohio Township.

ap20:h70:DF

☞FOR SHERIFF.

JOHN A. WATSON,

Of Elizabeth township, late private Company D, 79th Pa. Vols., will be a candidate for the office of SHERIFF, subject to the decision of the Union Republican Convention. ap20:h73DF

☞FOR SHERIFF.

WILLIAM A. HERRON,

Will be a candidate for the office of Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. mh25:g19-d&F

☞FOR SHERIFF,

JOSEPH ROSS,

Will be a candidate for SHERIFF, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. ap21:

☞SOMETHING TANGIBLE FOR SOLDIERS' WIDOWS AND ORPHANS.

To the Independent Voters of Allegheny County:

The undersigned, with a view of rendering the widows and orphans of the brave soldiers from Allegheny county, who fell in defense of their country in the late rebellion, some substantial and permanent assistance, offers himself as a candidate at the election on the second Tuesday of October next, for the office of SHERIFF, solemnly pledging and binding himself, in case of his election, that one-half of the net profits of the office shall be appropriated for the benefit of said widows and orphans. The Judges of the Court of the County to be the trustees of the funds, under whose direction the same shall be disbursed.

J. Y. McLAUGHLIN.

Offices, 96½ Fourth avenue and 325 Liberty street. my18

RECORDER.

☞FOR RECORDER.

B. A. SAMPSON,

Of the Sixth ward, Allegheny, (late Manchester,) will be a candidate for Recorder, subject to the action of the approaching Republican County Convention. my5:194-d&T

☞FOR RECORDER,

AUGUSTUS BECKERT,

Allegheny City, late private Fifth Excelsior Regiment. Lost a leg in the Second Bull Run Battle. ap27:114 D&F

☞FOR RECORDER.

H. M'MASTER

Will be a candidate for Recorder, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. my5

☞FOR RECORDER,

THOS. H. HUNTER,

LATE NINTH REG'T PA. R. C.

my4.159

☞FOR RECORDER,

HENRY SNIVELY,

Will be a candidate for nomination to the office of Recorder for Allegheny county, subject to the decision of the approaching Republican County Convention. ap30:132

CLERK OF COURTS.

☞FOR CLERK OF COURTS,

JOHN G. BROWN,

Millvale borough, late private Co. H, 102d Reg't Penna. Vols., subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. ap:6

☞TO THE CITIZENS OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY: I respectfully announce myself as a candidate for the office of CLERK OF COURTS, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. I would state that I ask the office but for ONE TERM, at the termination of which I would cheerfully retire, believing that there are others equally entitled to the honor and emoluments of the office, and as competent as myself. I will be under obligations to the citizens of the county for their support. Very respectfully,

JOSEPH BROWNE,

Late 102d (old 13th,) and 5th Pa. Vol. Regt.

mh23:g47

COUNTY TREASURER.

☞FOR COUNTY TREASURER.

J. F. DENNISTON,

(Late Brevet Major U. S. Vols.,) will be a candidate for renomination, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

ap17 L3-D&F

☞FOR COUNTY TREASURER

COL. J. B. COPELAND,

Of Elizabeth township, will be a candidate for the above office, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

ap23.h87:D&F

POLITICAL.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

☞FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

JOSEPH IRWIN,

Will be a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. ap27:116

☞FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

ROBERT CUNNINGHAM,

Of 2d ward, Pittsburgh, will be a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention.

my4-DAT

☞FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

CHAUNCEY B. BOSTWICK,

Of the Twentieth ward, will be a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

my7:d&F

☞FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

GEORGE HAMILTON

Will be a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. my5

REGISTER OF WILLS.

☞FOR REGISTER OF WILLS

JOHN KEIL, JR.,

SUBJECT TO THE DECISION OF THE REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

☞FOR REGISTER OF WILLS

JOSEPH H. GRAY,

Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. ap29:12

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, SEAWEED TONIC AND MANDRAKE PILLS will cure Consumption, Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, if taken according to directions. They are all three to be taken at the same time. They cleanse the stomach, relax the liver and put it to work; then the appetite becomes good; the food digests and makes good blood; the patient begins to grow in flesh; the diseased matter ripens into the lungs, and the patient outgrows the disease and gets well. This is the only way to cure consumption.

To these three medicines Dr. J. H. Schenck, of Philadelphia, owes his unrivaled success in the treatment of pulmonary Consumption. The Pulmonic Syrup ripens the morbid matter in the lungs, nature throws it off by an easy expectoration, for when the phlegm or matter is ripe a slight cough will throw it off, and the patient has rest and the lungs begin to heal.

To do this, the Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills must be freely used to cleanse the stomach and liver, so that the Pulmonic Syrup and the food will make good blood.

Schenck's Mandrake Pills act upon the liver, removing all obstructions, relax the ducts of the gall bladder, the bile starts freely, and the liver is soon relieved; the stools will show what the Pills can do; nothing has ever been invented except calomel (a deadly poison which is very dangerous to use unless with great care,) that will unlock the gall bladder and start the secretions of the liver like Schenck's Mandrake Pills.

Liver Complaint is one of the most prominent causes of Consumption.

Schenck's Seaweed Tonic is a gentle stimulant and alterative, and the alkali in the seaweed, which this preparation is made of, assists the stomach to throw out the gastric juice to dissolve the food with the Pulmonic Syrup, and it is made into good blood without fermentation or souring in the stomach.

The great reason why physicians do not cure Consumption is, they try to do too much; they give medicine to stop the cough, to stop chills, to stop night sweats, hectic fever, and by so doing they derange the whole digestive powers, locking up the secretions, and eventually the patient sinks and dies.

Dr. Schenck, in his treatment, does not try to stop a cough, night sweats, chills or fever. Remove the cause, and they will all stop of their own accord. No one can be cured of Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Canker, Ulcerated Throat, unless the liver and stomach are made healthy.

If a person has consumption, of course the lungs in some way are diseased, either tubercles, abscesses, bronchial irritation, pleura adhesion, or the lungs are a mass of inflammation and fast decaying. In such cases what must be done? It is not only the lungs that are wasting, but it is the whole body. The stomach and liver have lost their power to make blood out of food. Now the only chance is to take Dr. Schenck's three medicines, which will bring up a tone to the stomach, the patient will begin to want food, it will digest easily and make good blood; then the patient begins to gain in flesh, and as soon as the body begins to grow, the lungs commence to heal up, and the patient gets fleshy and well. This is the only way to cure Consumption.

When there is no lung disease and only Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, Schenck's Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills are sufficient, without the Pulmonic Syrup. Take the Mandrake Pills freely in all bilious complaints, as they are perfectly harmless.

Dr. Schenck, who has enjoyed uninterrupted health for many years past, and now weighs 225 pounds, was wasted away to a mere skeleton, in the very last stage of Pulmonary Consumption, his physicians having pronounced his case hopeless and abandoned him to his fate. He was cured by the aforesaid medicines, and since his recovery many thousands similarly afflicted have used Dr. Schenck's preparation with the same remarkable success. Full directions accompany each, making it not absolutely necessary to personally see Dr. Schenck, unless patients wish their lungs examined, and for this purpose he is professionally at his Principal Office, Philadelphia, every Saturday, where all letters for advice must be addressed. He is also professionally at No. 32 Bond street, New York, every other Tuesday, and at No. 35 Hanover street, Boston, every other Wednesday. He gives advice free, but for a thorough examination with his Respirometer the price is $5. Office hours at each city from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic each $1.50 per bottle, or $7.50 a half dozen. Mandrake Pills 25 cents a box. For sale by all druggists. my19:151-d&F

☞DOCTOR WHITTIER CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE Diseases, Syphilis in all its forms, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, &c., completely eradicated. That numerous class of cases resulting from self-abuse, producing unmanliness, nervous debility, irritability, eruptions, seminal emissions, and finally impotency, permanently cured. Persons afflicted with delicate, intricate and long standing constitutional complaints are politely invited to call for consultation, which costs nothing. Experience, the best of teachers, has enabled him to perfect remedies at once efficient, safe, permanent, and which in most cases can be used without hinderance to business. Medicines prepared in the establishment, which embraces office, reception and waiting rooms; also, boarding and sleeping apartments for patients requiring daily personal attention. Bad vapor and chemical baths, thus concentrating the famed mineral springs. No matter who have failed, state your case. Read what he says in his pamphlet of fifty pages, sent to any address for two stamps in sealed envelope. Thousands of cases treated annually, at office and all over the country. Consultation free, personally or by mail. Office No. 9 Wylie street, (near Court House) Pittsburgh, Pa. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Pamphlet sent to any address for *two stamps.* ap2

☞IMPORTANT MEDICAL NOTICE.

At the solicitation of his numerous Philadelphia patients,

Dr. E. DE F. CURTIS,

Of Baltimore, author of several medical works,

WILL ATTEND IN PHILADELPHIA

From the 1st to the 12th of JUNE, inclusive. Those who wish to see the Doctor in Philadelphia should correspond at Baltimore.

SPECIALTY—Treatment and Cure of Nervous and Physical Debility. my22

☞BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world: the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful, *black or brown.* Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. my21:302

☞ELECTRICITY AS A CURATIVE—Dr. A. H. STEVENS has been using Electricity as a SPECIAL REMEDY in curing chronic as well as acute conditions WITHOUT MEDICINE for more than TEN YEARS, with unbounded success. A PAMPHLET, including all particulars, with certificates and reliable references, will be sent to any inquirer.

A few furnish'd rooms vacant, for boarding patients in the Doctor's family, if applied for soon. Office and residence, 2,001 ARCH STREET, PHILADELPHIA. m:13:j22-d&F4

☞EPILEPSY CAN BE CURED—Those having friends afflicted are earnestly solicited to send for a Circular Letter of References and Testimonials, which will convince the most skeptical of the *curability of the disease.* Address VAN BUREN LOCKROW M. D., 36 Great Jones street, New York. mh19:g28-d&F

☞THE MARRIAGE RING.—Essays on the ERRORS OF YOUTH, and the FOLLIES OF AGE, in regard to SOCIAL EVILS, with certain help for the erring and unfortunate. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P, Philadelphia, Pa. my21:j63-d&F

AMUSEMENTS.

☞NEW OPERA HOUSE.

Lessee.....WM. HENDERSON,
Manager.....M. W. CANNING.

Engagement for six nights and one Matinee of the

CHAPMAN SISTERS

Comic Opera Company, with the famous Comedian, Mr. C. D. BISHOP.

MONDAY EVENING, May 22d, 1869, the Classic Burlesque Comic Opera of

IXION; Or the Man at the Wheel.

Ixion, Miss Blanche Chapman; Mercury, Miss Ella Chapman; Minerva, Mr. C. D. Bishop.

The performance will commence with the Quiet Family.

Tuesday Evening—CINDERELLA; or the Little Glass Slipper.

Chapman Sisters Matinee on Saturday.

☞PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

H. W. WILLIAMS, Lessee and Manager.

Second and last week of the gorgeous spectacular burlesque called THE FORTY THIEVES, with all its beauties and the magnificent TRANSFORMATION SCENE.

TO-NIGHT The Great American Comique, GUS WILLIAMS.

Forty Thieves Matinee on Wednesday and Saturday. Admission to Matinee, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents.

☞MASONIC HALL.

THREE NIGHTS—TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY, May 25, 26 and 27,

HAVERLY'S MINLTRELS,

From their Minstrel Hall, Chicago. J. H. Haverly, Manager. Composed of eighteen brightest lights of minstrelsy, among whom are Charley Pettengill, S. S. Purdy, Charley Reynolds, O. P. Sweet, Sig. Gustave Bidaux, with a full and efficient Quartette and Orchestra.

Admission, 35 cents; reserved seats, 50 cents. Matinee Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

my22 PHILO CLARKE, Agent.

☞ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

Grand Exhibition (second time) by Mrs. SLACK DAVIS' pupils, on TUESDAY, MAY 25th, 1869. Parlor Dancing, consisting of light gymnastics, and also a Fairy Drama, expressly adapted, from Shakspeare's

MIDSUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM.

Price of admission, 50 cents to all parts of the house. Tickets and programmes may be had at all the music stores. Doors open at 7; commence a quarter to 8. mv18:j52

☞KEYSTONE

SKATING RINK.

100 MILES ON A VELOCIPEDE

IN 10 1-2 HOURS,

BY

Harry Leslie,

HERO OF NIAGARA.

Monday, May 24th, 1869.

COMMENCING AT 11 O'CLOCK A. M.

TICKETS.....50 CENTS.
CHILDREN.....25 "

my21:j64-FM

LEGAL.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, for the Western District of Pennsylvania.

MARTIN SAILER, a Bankrupt under the Act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, having applied for a discharge from all his debts, and other claims provable under said Act, by order of the Court notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons interested, to appear on the 31st day of MAY, 1869, at 12 o'clock P. M., before JOHN N. PURVIANCE, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 116 Federal street, Allegheny City, Pa., to show cause, if any they have, why a discharge should not be granted to the said Bankrupt. And further notice is hereby given, that the second and Third meetings of Creditors of said Bankrupt, required by the 27th and 28th sections of said Act, will be held before the said Register, at the same time and place.

S. C. McCANDLESS, Clerk.

my10:j38 M

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA.

CHARLES C. BALSLEY, a Bankrupt, under the act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, having applied for a discharge from all his debts, and other claims provable under said Act, by order of the Court notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons interested, to appear on the 13th day of MAY, 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M., before JOHN N. PURVIANCE, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 116 Federal street, Allegheny city, Pa., to show cause, if any they have, why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt. And further notice is hereby given, that the Second and Third Meetings of Creditors of said Bankrupt, required by the 27th and 28th Sections of said Act, will be held before the said Register, at the same time and place.

ap25:h10-M S. C. McCANDLESS, Clerk.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.—In the matter of the application of the "PITT BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION" for a Charter of Incorporation.

Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern, that the above application has been made to the Court for a grant of a charter of incorporation, and that the same will be granted at the next term of the Court of Common Pleas, unless exception be filed in the meantime.

ROBT. ARTHURS, Solicitor for the Association.

my3:j46 M

IN THE MATTER of the application of the Washington Building and Loan Association of Allegheny City, for a

CHARTER OF INCORPORATION,

No. 963 June Term, 1869.

Notice is hereby given that application has been made to the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny county, to grant the charter of incorporation in this case, that it is now on file in the office of the Prothonotary of said county, and will be granted at the next term of Court (June Term 1869,) unless exceptions are filed thereto in the meantime.

ROBERT POLLOCK, Solicitor for Petitioners.

my17:j40-M

IN THE MATTER OF THE PETITION of the "National Premium and Loan Association" of Allegheny City for

CHARTER OF INCORPORATION.

Take notice that an application has been made in the Court of Common Pleas, No. 964 June Term, 1869, for a Charter of Incorporation for said Association. Notice is hereby given that the said Charter of Incorporation will be granted on the first Monday of June, unless exceptions are filed thereto in the meantime.

JNO. W. TAYLOR, Attorney for Petitioners.

[From the record.]

JACOB H. WALTER, Prothonotary.

my17:j37-M

CHARTER.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

That the Trustees, Elders and Wardens of the GERMAN EVANGELICAL PROTESTANT CHURCH, in East Liberty, have applied to the Court of Common Pleas for a

CHARTER OF INCORPORATION,

And that the same will be granted at next Term, unless exceptions are filed in the meantime.

my10:j6-M

IN BANKRUPTCY.—Western District of Pennsylvania. At Pittsburgh the 15th day of May, A. D. 1869.

The undersigned, Assignee of the estate of CHARLES C. ALGEO, Bankrupt, hereby gives notice that a general meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt, will be held at the office of JOHN N. PURVIANCE, Esq., one of the Registers in Bankruptcy at said district, at No. 116 Federal street, Allegheny City, Pa., in said District, on the FIRST DAY OF JUNE, A. D. 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose named in the twenty-seventh section of the bankrupt act of March 2d, A. D. 1869.

B. McLEAN, Assignee.

my17-MW

THE ALLEGHENY BUILDING & LOAN ASSOCIATION OF ALLEGHENY CITY.—Notice is hereby given that an application has been made, by the above named association, for a charter of incorporation, at No. 684 June term, 1869, and the same will be granted at next term of Court, unless exceptions thereto are filed in proper time.

J. C. M'COMBS, Attorney.

mh3:151M

BUTTER.—10 Boxes Fresh Dairy Roll Butter, just received by express.

J. B. CANFIELD, 141 First avenue.

CEMENT—100 bbls Louisville Hydraulic Cement, for sale by

J. B. CANFIELD

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

THE GAZETTE *is furnished in the city the six days of the week for* 15 *cents per week; by mail,* $8 *per annum:* 3 *mos.,* $2.

Allegheny Councils will meet next Thursday evening.

Troy Hill was quiet, yesterday, and failed to furnish its usual quota of cases at the Mayor's office.

Officer Martin Schaffer, of the Allegheny Police, is lying quite ill at his residence in the Second Ward.

The beautiful weather yesterday, had a healthy influence upon the dividends of the various street railways leading to the suberbs of the city.

Morning Court.—At the Morning Court yesterday (Sunday,) there were forty-three cases disposed of, most of which were for drunkenness.

The beer saloons in Allegheny did a good business, Saturday night, fourteen evidences of the fact were found at the lockup yesterday morning.

Fined.—Mrs. Stout and L. Peterson were before the Mayor, Saturday, for selling segars on Sunday. After a hearing, the fine of $25 and costs was imposed in each case.

Lecture to Gentlemen.—Dr. Gleason will deliver a private lecture to gentlemen only, at Excelsior Hall, Allegheny city, this evening, splendidly illustrated by manakins, models, &c.

Insane Man Arrested.—Alexander H. Anderson, an insane man, was arrested in south Pittsburgh last evening about eight o'clock, and brought to the lock-up in this city. It is stated that he resides in Allegheny city.

Improvements.—Wylie street and Webster avenue are being opened out, and commence to assume, in the new districts, a very improving appearance. When graded and paved these will form magnificent thoroughfares.

We are pleased to note that our young friend, W. H. Graham, son of Senator Graham, has been appointed to a clerkship in the Allegheny Post Office. Mr. Graham is a very worthy young gentleman, and in this, as in former positions, is certain to win the confidence and respect of all with whom he comes in contact.

Another Raid.—The police made a raid on "Fort Smith," a den on Roberts street, in the Eleventh ward, where they arrested six men and four women, two of whom were black. The entire party were locked up, and yesterday they were fined from five to twenty dollars. This is the third time this establishment has been "pulled."

Held for a Hearing.—Henry Rapper, charged on oath of Sophia Smith before Justice Heisel, with assault and battery, was arrested and held for a hearing. The parties reside in East Birmingham, and the prosecutrix alleges that the defendant came to her residence and besides beating and abusing her, acted in a very disgraceful manner.

The Liberty Street Robbery.—The hearing, which was to have taken place Saturday morning in the case of George Stevens, arrested on suspicion of being implicated in the robbery at Robinson's store, Liberty street, a few days since, was postponed for ten days, to give the prisoner an opportunity of establishing, if possible, his innocence, which he claims he can do.

Ladies' Meeting.—Another meeting of ladies will be held in City Hall at three o'clock this afternoon, to make arrangments for Decoration Day. A cordial invitation is extended to all ladies in sympathy with the movement to be present. We hope there will be even a larger attendance than at the last meeting, that the good work may have many willing laborers to urge it forward.

Lay Delegation.—The meeting to be held this evening, in Smithfield M. E. Church, to consider the question of Lay Delegation, promises to be one of unusual interest, and will undoubtedly be largely attended. Bishops Simpson and Kingsley will deliver addresses—an evidence that the question will receive that careful and able attention which its importance demands.

Belligerant.—Charles Snyder and Jas. Young having taken too much benzine, Saturday, while in the "Home," a saloon on Fifth avenue, got into a fight, and officer Silvius hearing the row went in and arrested the parties and took them to the lockup, where they remained until yesterday morning, when a fine of ten dollars was imposed upon each of them. Young paid the fine and costs and Snyder was committed for twenty days.

Lumberman in Difficulty.—Richard Forrester made information before Alderman Bolster, on Saturday, against Charles Worcott for false pretense. The defendant is a lumberman, doing business in the Cornplanter region, and engaged the prosecutor and a number of others to bring the raft to Pittsburgh. He is charged with selling the raft, pocketing the proceeds and disappearing without paying the hands. Warrant issued.

Postal Matter for the Eleventh and Thirteenth wards not particularly addressed can be obtained at the new drug store of F. J. Hauck, No. 233 Centre avenue, who has consented to receive letters and papers from carriers for persons living in that section of the city. Those looking for letters should call on Mr. Hauck, who has already accumulated quite a number that have been advertised and not called for at the Postoffice, and vaguely addressed to Pitt township and Eleventh and Thirteenth wards.

Complimentary.—Our special correspondent, who is now attending on the sessions of the General Synod of the Reformed Presbyterian Church at Cedarville, Ohio, desires to express his obligations to Dr. James Stewart, one of the leading physicians of that place, and his most excellent lady, for their many former and present kind attentions and the very liberal hospitalities enjoyed in their beautiful mansion.

Also, to James C. McMillan, Esq., of Xenia, for the mailing facilities which he has afforded.

Terrible Accident.—An esteemed correspondent writing from Enon Valley, Pa., says: An accident happened here on Friday night. Thomas Crowl, a carpenter, was in this place all day Friday, and at night was very drunk. He started for his home between nine and ten o'clock, and his scattered remains were found the next morning along the railroad track. His body was cut through the middle, one part being on each side of the track, and his head in between the ties. He is supposed to have been run over by the eleven o'clock freight going east. He leaves a wife and seven small children in destitute circumstances.

SYNODICAL PROCEEDINGS.

General Synod of the Reformed Presbyterian Church at Cedarville, Ohio.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Synod met at 3 o'clock and was opened with prayer by the Moderator. Minutes read and approved.

It was moved by Dr. Wilson, and seconded by Peter Gibson, Esq., that the paper from the Philadelphia Presbytery be laid on the table, inasmuch as Synod can have no intercourse with that Presbytery until she "lays down her arms." Carried.

The unfinished business was suspended to take up papers in the hands of Rev. John M'Millan.

The first paper was a certificate of Rev. Geo. Scott, D.D., "Stated Clerk," that Revs. Thomas Johnston, and John McMillan and J. P. Fleming, Esq., were appointed Commissioners to present certain papers to Synod.

Objections were raised to receiving or hearing the papers unless the parties presenting them recognized the General Synod of the Reformed Presbyterian Church.

Finally, the papers were read. They recited the act of suspension passed by some members of the Pittsburgh Presbytery in June last.

The last paper was a memorial, and set forth that a Presbytery having the right to send delegates or not, as she pleases, to General Synod, they had concluded not to send delegates this year, and that they had been constrained to suspend their relations on account of the suspension of George H. Stuart. It contained a prayer for the removal of the suspension pronounced on Mr. Stuart.

Dr. Wilson moved that the papers be laid on the table, until the parties presenting them "lay down their arms," submit to this Synod in the Lord, and give signs of repentance for their hasty action.

Dr. McLeod was opposed to the motion on account of its severity.

Rev. A. G. Wylie was in favor of it, because he wished to treat the suspensionists in the Pittsburgh Presbytery in the same way the Philadelphia Presbytery had been treated.

Rev. Mr. Wylie raised a point of order that inasmuch as the Moderator had decided that the motion was carried, discussion and amendment were out of order.

The Moderator decided that the question had been re opened by the call of Dr. McMaster for a decision.

Dr. McLeod moved that all after the words "laid on the table" be stricken out.

A division of the question was called for.

The following motion was then offered by Dr. Wilson:

Resolved, That the papers just read by Rev. John McMillan be laid on the table, but that Synod does not thereby shut the door against the petitioners being admitted when they make application for it. Carried.

The Committee on Union stated they would be ready to report to-morrow morning.

The Committee to answer the Protests, reported they had discharged their duty. Report adopted and Committee discharged.

The paper presented in the morning, endorsing the action of the Synodical Commission, was then taken up and adopted.

A communication was read from the delegate of the Reformed (Dutch) Church, who had been appointed to attend Synod, apologizing for his inability to be present, and extending his cordial greetings to the respected Court. The paper, with a certificate of the delegation of Rev. A. B. Van Zandt, was received and placed on file.

A communication was read from Rev. Geo. N. Binghamton, the delegate of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church, (N. S.) conveying the cordial salutations of that body to the General Synod.

It was moved that the paper be received and published with the minutes.

The Committee on the Signs of the Times presented their report. It represented the great increase of wickedness, that infidelity is now putting forth mighty efforts, and dead formalism is taking the place of a living Christianity and vital godliness. It recommended the observance of the usual days of Fasting and Thanksgiving. Adopted.

The reports of the Eastern, Second Philadelphia and Northern Presbyteries were referred to the Committee on Presbyterial Reports. Synod then adjourned to meet next morning at 9 o'clock, Rev. Dr. Douglas concluding by prayer.

THIRD DAY—MORNING SESSION.

Synod met at 9 o'clock and engaged in devotional exercises for half an hour, Rev. S. W. Crawford, D.D., in the chair.

The Moderator then opened the Synod by prayer. Minutes read and approved.

The report of the Pittsburgh Presbytery was then read and set forth the secession of certain members of Presbytery. It was accepted and referred to the Committee on Presbyterial Reports.

The accompanying papers from the 1st Church, Allegheny City, were also read and referred to a special committee.

Rev. A. Thomson then presented the following paper, relating to the case of the

PITTSBURGH PRESBYTERY.

Whereas, The Synodical Commission which met in Philadelphia on the 17th of June, 1868, declared that the Presbytery of Philadelphia, by suspending relations to General Synod had thereby seceded from her control, and placed themselves beyond her jurisdiction; and *Whereas*, Said Commission declared that Dr. A. S. McMurray, Robert Guy and others, who adhere to Synod, are the First Reformed Presbyterian Congregation of Philadelphia, and, as such entitled to all the rights and immunities appertaining thereto; and *Whereas*, Said Commission also declared that the officers and members of such congregations—whether settled or vacant—under the care of the Reformed Presbytery of Philadelphia, who may not identify themselves with the act of secession of the Reformed Presbytery of Philadelphia are entitled to all the rights and privileges and corporate titles of the several congregations with which they are connected; and *Whereas*, Rev. Geo. Scott, D. D., Rev. John McMillan and others, members of the Reformed Presbytery of Pittsburgh, did, on the 15th of June, 1868, pass a similar, if not identical, resolution to that passed by the Reformed Presbytery of Philadelphia, and did formally suspend relations to the General Synod; and, *Whereas*, Rev. John Douglas, D. D., Rev. John Alford and others, members of the said Presbytery of Pittsburgh, claimed to be, and do still claim to be the Reformed Presbytery of Pittsburgh, and refused and do still refuse to suspend relations to General Synod; and *Whereas*, The Presbytery composed of Rev. John Douglas, D. D, Rev. John Alford and others have declared by repeated judicial acts that those members of the First Church, Allegheny city, Bethel, Allegheny county, Bethel, Butler county, Darlington, Beaver county, Fairview, Beaver county, all in the State of Pennsylvania, and Austintown, Mahoning county, in the State of Ohio, who adhere to Synod, and refuse to suspend relations thereto, are, and they only are, entitled to all the legal and ecclesiastical rights pertaining to their respective corporations; therefore,

Resolved, That General Synod, now assembled in Cedarville, Greene county, Ohio, do fully approve the conduct of Rev. John Douglas, D. D., Rev. John Alford and others who refused to suspend relations to Synod, and declare that the Presbytery which they and others now represent on the floor of Synod, is the only Presbytery of Pittsburgh in connection with the General Synod of the Reformed Presbyterian Church in North America, and has been recognized as such by the admission of its delegates to seats on her floor at this session.

Resolved, That General Synod hereby approve of the declarations of the Pittsburgh Presbytery that the members of the First Church, Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, and the members of all other congregations under the care of Presbytery, who refuse to suspend relations to General Synod, are, and they only are, entitled to all the legal and ecclesiastical rights pertaining to their respective corporations.

Resolved, That Rev. George Scott, D. D., Rev. John McMillan and others, who have suspended relations to General Synod, have thereby seceded from her control, and placed themselves beyond her jurisdiction.

The paper of Mr. Thomson was adopted unanimously. This paper fully vindicates the cause of those who refused to suspend relations.

The report of the Western Presbytery was read. It earnestly recommended the continuance of negotiations for union with the United Presbyterian Church. The reports of the Chicago and Ohio Presbyteries were also read, and all referred to the Committee on Presbyterial Reports.

The Treasurer's report of the Board of Foreign Missions was read and referred to the Auditing Committee.

A petition was received from the Second Congregation of Philadelphia, signed by about sixty members, asking for advice, inasmuch as the Presbytery under whose care they have been has seceded from the Church.

The credentials of Wm. Hutchinson, James McKinney, Robert Enos and Jno. Anderson as Commissioners from the First Church, Allegheny, were presented.

Mr. Alexander Colville was received as a Commissioner from the Second Congregation of Philadelphia.

The Committee on Devotional Exercises presented their report, which was adopted.

On motion, all the alternates and all ministers and elders present, who are in connection with the church, were invited to take seats as consultative members.

Synod adjourned to meet at three o'clock in the afternoon, Rev. Dr. Steele concluding by prayer.

FOURTH DAY—MORNING SESSION.

Synod met at 9 o'clock and spent half an hour in devotional exercises, Rev. John Alford in the Chair.

Resumed business. Minutes read and approved.

Rev. Dr. Douglas introduced Rev. William McMillan, the delegate of the General Assembly of the Old School Presbyterian Church. The Stated Clerk read Mr. McMillan's credentials, and moved that he be invited to a seat on the floor of Synod, and proceeded to address the Court at once.

Mr. McMillan said it afforded him great pleasure to appear before the respected General Synod of the Reformed Presbyterian Church as a delegate from the Old School General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church. They were all one body although different denominations. They were regiments in the same grand army, marching into the same territory to conquer the same enemy. Facial differences there were in the human race, but all were of the same blood. It afforded him much pleasure to convey to Synod the Christian salutations of the Church he represented.

The Moderator responded in a few appropriate remarks, and cordially reciprocated, in the name of Synod, the fraternal greetings the respected delegate had conveyed to Synod.

Proceeded to the consideration of the report of the Committes on Union.

Dr. McMaster read from the minutes of 1843, a report signed John Black and William Wilson, showing that it was agreed upon in the Convention, by Reformed Churches, that the name of the united church should be, "The United Presbyterian Church in North America."

Mr. R. C. Miller wished to know what the effect of the rejection or adoption of the report would be.

The Moderator replied that the Court knew the effect as well as he did.

Rev. Mr. Bratton offered an amendment, that Synod approve of what the Committee has done, and that it be continued or a new one appointed.

Dr. McLeod thought Synod should carefully consider whether the Committee had done their duty, and could give its approval of what had been done.

Mr. James Stewart, of New York, could not vote for the report, as the name "Reformed" was not to be in the official designation of the United church.

Mr. R. C. Miller thought Synod, after thirty years' negotiations, should be prepared to vote Union aye or no. His former pastor, Dr. John Black, approved of the whole matter in relation to Union.

Dr. McLeod was of the opinion that Dr. Black did not approve of the whole matter in relation to Union.

Mr. Isaac Kirkpatrick believed Synod was prepared to do something now, and should do it. The matter of Union was most important. Too much stress perhaps is put on the name. The name is nothing without principle.

Dr. Douglas defended the Committee. They had done all they could. Those who did not attend should not now complain of the labors of those who did. Union was necessary, and he hoped negotiations would be prosecuted most vigorously. There was not much in a name. But he would retain the name "Reformed" if it could be done. If not prepared for Union now, after a courtship of thirty years, they never would be prepared. Union is necessary for the welfare and prosperity of the Church.

Rev. A. G. Wylie offered the following substitute:

Resolved, That while General Synod approves of the action of the Committee so far as it has proceeded, as the best which could be secured in the Convention, and believing that the Commiltee have used their best efforts in the matter committed to their care, and assured that the basis, so far as matured or projected, is evidently the ultimatum that we may expect from that respectable body, (the U. P. Church) they hereby disapprove of such action as a basis of Union, as an entire abandonment of our whole position as a church, discharge the Committee, and hoping in the Head of the Church, and encouraged by the goodness of our cause proceed with unity and vigor in our own appropriate work.

The substitute was not entertained.

Rev. J. K. Martin moved as a substitute that the report be taken up article by article. Not entertained.

A special Committee was appointed to make arrangements for the publication of the minutes. The Committee are Revs. W. S. Bratton, Dr. A. S. McMurray and Isaac Kirkpatrick.

The report of the Treasurer of the Theological Seminary was read and referred to the Committee on the Theological Seminary.

Adjourned to meet on Monday morning at 9 o'clock; Rev. J. S. Scott concluding by prayer.

Musical Gossip.

MESSRS. EDITORS: The week just elapsed has been replete with musical interest. Crowded audiences welcomed once more the great Norwegian violinist, and did themselves as much credit as they did justice to Ole Bull, in receiving his wonderful performances with an appreciative and flattering enthusiasm.

If, however, there is a certain fullness of delight in seeing the sun in the unblemished glory of its noon, it cannot be denied that the timid tints of dawn, beside their intrinsic beauty, offer to the philosophical mind the additional charm of a promise, the mystic grace inseparable from all beginnings. All Pittsburgh could read last Wednesday the omega of art at the Academy of Music. To a few privileged ones, and I am glad to have been of the number, was it given last Tuesday evening to spell the alpha of art at the soiree given by Mr. Henry Kleber in his own house.

As a spur to study for his young family, and, I dare say, as a recreation for himself, Mr. Kleber conceived the idea of taking the other side of the opera glass in order to reproduce in miniature Offenbach's operetta of "Lischen and Fritzchen," which was performed here a few months ago by Miss Galton's troupe. Little stage, little decorations, little curtains, little foot lights, little programme, little singers. Great performance withal!

Miss Ida Kleber, ten years old. Ten years old Miss Emma Manns. Both pretty, both beaming with intelligence. Ida Lischen, much smaller than her little lover, Emma Fritzchen, which should be, of course, in all perfect matches. You know now the actors. The libretto and music of the opera belong to the first manner of Offenbach, before he was induced by some deplorable accident of popularity to prostitute his talent to vulgar uses. The melodies are fresh, sprightly, but somewhat difficult on account of the blunt modulations which succeed one another in quick tempo.

If I were simply to say that our two little singers did not make the slightest mistake in the dialogue and music, and rendered their parts without any hesitation, the praise assuredly would be sufficient for children; but I would not feel justified in my own eyes for chronicling this kind of juvenile success in your columns. The place of babes—be they ever so *cute*—is the nursery. But theirs was a complete, absolute success, and their performance, particularly Lischen's, such an one as to disconcert all the notions of dramatic experience and musical training entertained by old teachers and artists.

Where did little Ida take that vivacious grace, so free from mannerism and affectation, and that familiarity with the taxing requirements of the "boards"? How can she give such a knowing stress to words foreign to her mind and heart? What has she ever learned of the fitness of things, of the workings of passions? What power of discrimination makes her catch the scenic effect at the right place? Whence can possibly come the emotional faculty which subdues her voice with a touching tremulousness when she sings the parting "farewell"? Perhaps she was taught by her talented parents? No, the best lessons in the world cannot accomplish such varvels. And, in fact, teaching was apparent only in one or two of her gestures, one of which, pointing to heaven, shows itself to have been but an interference. Instinct probably was her educator. Pshaw! Instinct belongs to monkeys and parrots, and is too often extended to men by puzzled ignorance, when anxious to account cheaply for psychological phenomena. No, let us acknowledge it. It is the revelation of genius, that Divine gift second only to the creative fiat of God Himself. That little girl is a striking instance of the bewildering immensity contained in some children—*multum in parvo*. She can to-day be ranked among great artists; and it is why I mentioned in the same page, as really of the same family, the names of Ole Bull and Ida Kleber.

C. T.

State Sunday-School Convention.

The annual Convention will be held at Williamsport, Pennsylvania, beginning on Tuesday, June 1st, at ten o'clock, A. M.

Arrangements have been made on a liberal scale, to make this the best Sunday-school Convention yet held in Pennsylvania.

Sunday-school teachers and superintendents, and clegymen interested in the work, are cordially invited to be present, from all parts of the State.

Each Sunday-school is requested to send one or more delegates.

In order to secure entertainment, delegates will please notify the committee at Williamsport, of their intention to attend the Convention. Address as early as possible,

A. UPDEGRAFF, Eeq., Williamsport, Pa.

Ministers and Superintendents throughout the State, and newspapers generally, are requested to give publicity to the fact that a cordial invitation is extended to all Sunday-school workers who can attend this Convention.

The prominent Railroad Companies have agreed to make the customary reduction to delegates who pass over their roads.

GEORGE A. PELTZ, Pres.,
ALFRED TAYLOR, Sec'y.,
of the Pennsylvania Sabbath-School Association.

The Clearfield Bank Robbery.

James Wilson and Wm. Cargdon, implicated in the robbery of the bank at Clearfield, over a week since, an account of which we previously published, were arrested during the afternoon of Wednesday while on their way to Cumberland in the Bedford stage, about fifteen miles from the former place, and the $4,500 in Government bonds taken from the safe recovered. It appears that they took the stage some six miles out of Bedford for Cumberland, and the driver, recognizing them as the parties suspected of the robbery, sent a messenger back to Bedford communicating his suspicions to the Deputy Sheriff, and then mounted his box and, in police parlance, "covered" the men by driving slow until the Deputy Sheriff came up with him and took the suspected men in charge. The $4,500 in bonds and $142 in greenbacks were found in the possession of the prisoners. They were then returned to the Bedford jail, from whence they were taken to Clearfield on the following day.

Officer Dressler, who was on the track of the burglars, returned to the city on Saturday.

Dress Goods.—J. W. Barker & Co., will open at their new store, 20 Sixth (formerly St. Clair) street, also 59 Market street, on Wednesday morning, May 26, a large line of Dress Goods in the most desirable fabrics, comprising Alpacas, Irish Poplins, Japanese Poplins, Poplinetts, Satin Cloths in plain and stripes, Tabkoes, Robe de Voyages, Grenadiers, Organdies, Lawns, Printed Jaconets, &c., &c. These goods will range in prices from 20c. per yard upwards.

J. W. BARKER & Co.,,
59 Market street and
20 Sixth street.

Hoop Skirts and Corsets at Bates & Bell's.

An Uptown Improvement.

If any of our readers desire forming any correct idea of the growth of the city, they should jump aboard the now well managed Minersville Railway cars, and take a twenty minutes' ride out Centre avenue. They will find that neighborhood, not long ago a rural district, closely built up, and improvements going on in all directions. Perhaps the most noticeable improvement is the elegant, stylish and first-class new drug establishment of Mr. Fred. J. Hauck, No. 233 Centre avenue. It is a model of neatness and thoroughly complete in all its departments. The walls and ceilings are exquisitely painted and frescoed, the shelving and counters of tasteful patterns and designs, and the other furniture is in equal good taste. A magnificent fountain, from whence cold, sparkling soda water gushes, is at the entrance, tempting thirsty pedestrians to enter and partake of the luxury. Mr. Hauck is a finished pharmaceutist, and presides himself over the prescription department. He makes a specialty of pure and unadulterated drugs, the finest of foreign and American perfumeries, toilet articles, etc. To our readers in that section we commend Mr. Hauck as a gentleman eminently worthy their patronage.

Timely.

Saturday afternoon Mr. A. B. Kerr, the efficient Supervisor of the First Division, Allegheny Valley Railroad, was agreeably surprised by the receipt of an elegant gold watch from the employes under his charge. The pleasant ceremony took place at the Rush House, Mr. Charles Maloy representing the donors in a neat speech, which was replied to by the worthy recipient in a few felicitious remarks. Following the presentation the company sat down to a bountiful repast which happily concluded the exercises of the affair, and served as an additional feature in rendering the occasion one of so much interest. The time keeper was purchased at the establishment of Messrs. J. R. Reed & Co., a sufficient guarantee of its superior manufacture and reliability.

Highway Robbery.

Thomas Gilmore made information before the Mayor, Saturday, charging Thomas Devine and James Finn with highway robbery. It appears that the prosecutor resides near Johnstown, and, coming to the city Saturday morning, fell in with the accused and the three were drinking together the greater part of the day. Toward evening they got into a fight when, the prosecutor alleges, his silver watch, valued at fifty dollars was taken out of his pocket. Devine was arrested and committed to jail for a hearing. Finn has not been arrested yet but the officers are in search of him.

From Washington, Pa.

About half-past twelve o'clock, Saturday morning, Mr. Lonkert's stable, in the borough of Washington, was destroyed by fire, supposed to be the work of an incendiary.

That usually quiet town appears to be infested by a gang of thieves, burglars and incendiaries. Wednesday night last the hardware store of J. N. Hainer was broken into, the safe blown open with powder, and money and goods to the amount of several hundred dollars taken. On the same night Rickets' clothing store was entered and a large quantity of clothing carried away.

New Store and New Goods.

We will open on Wednesday, May 26, our new, elegant and spacious retail sales rooms, No. 20 St. Clair street, with a very choice and complete stock of dry goods, hosiery, gloves, laces and embroideries, which will be offered at the very lowest rates. We shall also continue business at our old stand, No. 59 Market street, where our patrons and friends will find everything in the dry goods line, upon the same advantageous terms as we have been accustomed to offer them.

J. W. BARKER & Co.,
59 Market street and
20, St. Clair street.

Allegheny Wife Whippers.

Richard Dixon of the Fourth, John Finn of the Sixth, and August Mertz of the Seventh ward, Allegheny, undertook to regulate their domestic affairs by whipping their wives, on Saturday evening. Unfortunately for their calculations, this is a method of settling connubial troubles not sanctioned by law, and the three Benedicts necessarily found themselves in the lock-up, yesterday morning. Dixon was provided with quarters for thirty days, Finn for twenty days, and Mertz for thirty days in the household of Warden Scandrett.

Aquatics.

Saturday afternoon a three mile single scull race came off on the Upper Monongahela course between George Verner, of the McKee, and Harry Moore of the Chambers Clubs, which was won by Moore, who came in about seventy-five yards ahead. The contest out was quite close, but on the return Verner accidentally ran afoul of a raft and was thus delayed, but only for a short time. The course was gone over by the winner in twenty-seven minutes. Mr. John Hamill acted as referee.

Domestic Trouble.

John Lang was brought before Alderman Bolster, of Allegheny, charged with desertion and abandonment, on oath of his wife, Mary. The parties, it seems, have not lived very happily together, owing, it is alleged by Mary, to the jealousy of her husband. John, on the other hand, alleges he never refused to support his wife until she separated herself from him and went back to the paternal mansion. As there is a suit pending between the parties the case was dismissed.

McKEESPORT, May 18, 1869.

J. Y. McLaughlin, Agent Manhattan Life Insurance Company, No. 96½ Fourth Avenue, Room No. 3, Pittsburgh Pa.:

DEAR SIR: I write to acknowledge and return my thanks to you, and through you, to your valuable Company for the two thousand dollars you so promptly paid me on the Life Insurence policy held by my husband in your Company. If all the companies were like the Manhattan, more widows and orphans would have their just dues. I again thank you for the same. Yours, very truly,

2 CATHERINE KEIL.

Choice and Very Cheap.—We will open on Wednesday morning, May 26, at our new store, 20 Sixth (formerly St. Clair) street, also st 59 Market street, two hundred pieces of French Chintzes (yard wide,) in stripes and figures, at twenty-five cents. These are in choice colorings and designs, and have never been offered at less than forty cents per yard.

J. W. BARKER & Co.
No. 59 Market street, and
No. 20 Sixth street.

Young Sabbath Breakers.

The Mayor's police yesterday arrested three squads of urchins, ranging in age from ten to fourteen years, for violating the Sabbath. The first squad of four were found amusing themselves on Duquesne Way, in the vicinity of the Point, in a game of base ball; another squad of three were found in a board yard, on Seventh avenue, throwing stones and conducting themselves in such a manner as to annoy residents in that vicinity; and four others were arrested at the corner of Sixth avenue and Grant street, who were likewise acting disorderly and annoying the community at large. They were taken to the lock up and placed in charge of Capt. Graham, who, after keeping them confined for two or three hours, released them on condition that they would behave themselves in the future.

Hagan's Magnolia Balm.—This article is the True Secret of Beauty. It is what Fashionable Ladies, Actresses, and Opera Singers use to produce that cultivated *distingue* appearance so much admired in the Circles of Fashion.

It removes all unsightly Blotches, Redness, Freckles, Tan, Sunburn and Effects of Spring Winds, and gives to the Complexion a Blooming Purity of transparent delicacy and power. No lady who values a fine Complexion can do without the Magnolia Balm. 75 cents will buy it at any of our respectable dealers.

LYON'S KATHAIRON is a very delightful Hair Dressing. MWF

Fine Dress Goods.—The most elegant novelties of the season at Bates & Bell's.

Housekeepers, Attention.—The miseries of having poor, unhealthy bread, cakes and pastries are at an end. No more troubles in the kitchen. Use *Dooley's Chemical Yeast Baking Powder*, which is the only article of the kind that possesses the peculiar quality of producing good bread or pastry every time. This is owing to the care taken in its manufacture to use only strictly healthy ingredients, and with scrupulous exactness in each lot. For sale by grocers generally. Ask for *Dooley's Baking Powder*, and you will be satisfied with no other. MWF

Dress and Suits made to order at Bates & Bell's.

American Silks.—On Wednesday, May 26, we will open at our new store, No. 20 Sixth street, (formerly St. Clair,) also at No. 59 Market street, a choice line of American Silks in black and colored, plain and figured.

J. W. BARKER & Co.,
No. 59 Market street, and
No. 20 Sixth street.

Lace Curtains in sets and by the yard at Bates & Bell's.

The Addition of numerous suites of rooms to the American House Boston, renders it more than ever a deserved favorite with families traveling. Its central position and large airy rooms are unsurpassed.

Lace Mantles—all the new styles—at Bates & Bell's.

The Purest and sweetest Cod Liver Oil in the world, manufactured from fresh, healthy livers, upon the sea shore; it is perfectly pure and sweet. Patients who have once taken it can take none other. Ask for "Hazard and Caswell's Cod Liver Oil," manufactured by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York Sold by all druggists. M

Mourning Goods in variety at Bates & Bell's.

The place to get White Lime, Calcined Plaster, Hydraulic Cement, is at Ecker & Caskey's, 13 Smithfield street.

Chintzes, Lawns and Marseilles at Bates & Bell's.

DIED:

DALZELL.—On Sabbath morning, at 3 o'clock, FRANK BREADING, only child of James E. B. and Kate Q. Dalzell, aged 2 years, 6 months and and 23 days.

Funeral on MONDAY, the 24th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M., from the residence of his parents, 116 Sandusky street, Allegheny City.

HARBOURS—On Sabbath afternoon, May 23, 1869, at the residence of her son, S. E. Harbours, MARY HARBOURS aged 85 years.

Notice of funeral in Tuesday morning papers

UNDERTAKERS.

ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 166 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. COFFINS of all kinds, CRAPES, GLOVES, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms open day and night. Hearse and Carriages furnished.

REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D.D., Rev. Wm. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob H. Miller, Esq.

CHARLES & PEDDLES, UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, corner SANDUSKY STREET AND CHURCH AVENUE, Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS are constantly supplied with real and imitation Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, at prices varying from $5 to $100. Bodies prepared for interment. Hearses and Carriages furnished also, all kinds of Mourning Goods if required. Office open at all hours, day and night.

FOR SALE.

BAROMETERS,
THERMOMETERS,
OPERA, MARINE
AND SPY GLASSES,
BY
W. G. DUNSEATH,
JEWELER AND OPTICIAN,
56 FIFTH AVENUE,
my18

HENRY G. HALE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,

Would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that his

SPRING STOCK OF GOODS
IS NOW COMPLETE,
SOLICITING AN EARLY CALL.
Corner of Penn and Sixth Streets,
mh9

W. HESPENHEID & CO.,
No. 50 SIXTH STREET, (late St. Clair,) have just received from the East the best lot of New Goods for Spring Suits ever brought to the market. The firm warrant to cut and fit and make Clothes cheaper and better than any first-class house in this city. A new and splendid assortment of GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS are at all times to be found at this house. Our Number is 50 [illegible] T